## PUBLIC HEARING COMMENTS AND RESPONSES

The following is a record of the proceedings at the public hearing for the initial Environmental Assessment. The hearing was held on Tuesday, November 5, 2013 at the Methodist Home of the District of Columbia. The transcript begins with the presentation that was made by representatives of DDOT and the study team to explain the general study process, describe the alternatives and overall findings from the Environmental Assessment, and issue directions on how to provide oral comments. A copy of the PowerPoint presentation is included in Appendix I.

Twenty-one individuals provided testimony during the public hearing. Their statements and the responses to their comments are documented herein.

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5 Public Meeting for	
6 Broad Branch Road Environmental Assessment	
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6:44 to 8:57 p.m.	
Tuesday, November 5, 2013	
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15 The Methodist Home of the District of Columb:	ia
4901 Connecticut Avenue, N.W.	
Washington, D.C. 20008	
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1	PROCEEDINGS						
2	MR. HOFFMAN: Hello, everyone. My name						
3	is Paul Hoffman. I'm the DDOT Program Manager						
4	for Wards 3 and 4, and with me tonight are						
5	members of DDOT.						
6	I guess just give a wave when I call you						
7	out. Lezlie Rupert. Fasiel Hameed, behind the						
8	boards. My assistant, Wayne, usually makes an						
9	entrance, so I'll let you know when he gets here.						
0	And our project consultant, if you could						
1	just step forward and state your name? Oh, I'm						
2	sorry. And Jim Sebastian from DDOT Bike Group is						
3	here.						
4	Just say your name.						
5	MR. SINGH: Tirlok Singh.						
6	MR. RADADIYA: Piyush Radadiya, Sheladia						
7	Associates.						
В	MS. MANGUM: Rachael Mangum with Parsons.						
9	MR. HOFFMAN: Rachael, thank you.						
0	They have all given their cards to our						
1	recorder.						
2	Welcome to DDOT's Public Hearing for						

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2 involvement is very important to these
3 proceedings, and we are anxious to document your
   questions and comments.
            Before we get started, I would like to
   make a few housekeeping announcements. First of
   all, the rest rooms are out this door and to your
  left, and as per the notice of this meeting in
   accordance with Title VI, the Americans with
   Disabilities Act and the D.C. Civil Rights Act,
11 we did not receive any special request for
   language assistance. I think that still holds.
            Anybody have any special needs?
13
            [No audible response.]
            MR. HOFFMAN: Thank you.
            We have several ways to record your
   comments. We have a court reporter to actually
   -- or accurately transcribe your comments and
19 question, and this is Linda Metcalf. Would you
  please welcome her.
            [Applause.]
            MR. HOFFMAN: We were joking before this
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1 Broad Branch Road. As you know, public

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1 that she knows six languages, including Klingon,
2 but that's a joke.
           So she is going to -- or to hear all the
4 commenters, we are limiting oral testimony for
s individuals to 3 minutes, and if you take a head
6 count and just multiply it by three, that's a
7 long time if everybody wants comments. If you
8 are representing a group, we will give you 5
  minutes.
           We will accept written testimony as well,
11 and there are comment sheets. And I just have to
wave this around. There are comment sheets that
13 look like this in the back of the room, and you
14 can do them tonight and turn them in, or you can
15 use good old U.S. Postal Service. Put a stamp on
it, and we'll get it too. And that will go to
  Wayne.
           You can also make comments via e-mail via
19 the project website that's been posted throughout
20 the duration of the project. It's
21 www.broadbranchroadea.com, and click on the
22 Public Involvement button.
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All the comments got to be received by
   November 22nd, 2013. I'll say that again. They
3 all have to be received by November 22nd, 2013,
   to be considered.
            The Environmental Assessment has been
   published for public comment and was available on
   the Internet at Federal Highway and DDOT's
   offices and at multiple D.C. Public Libraries in
   the vicinity of the project.
            I want to emphasize that under the
   applicable and environmental process, this public
12 hearing is to document your comments about the
   project. DDOT's response will be published as
   part of the final Environmental Assessment. We
   call it "EA."
            There have been previous meetings for the
   scoping, the presenting of alternatives, where
   DDOT listened to all your questions and responded
   at that time.
            Now, we know everybody can't attend every
   meeting, but by rule, DDOT must formally document
22 your questions and comments and make the response
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1 part of the EA. So again, the response will be

2 in the Environmental Assessment.

I am going to start off by bringing Steve

4 Walter. He is part of the lead of the consultant

5 team that's been working on the project.

Thank you.

MR. WALTER: Thank you, Paul, and I will

echo Paul's opening remarks by thanking each and

every one of you taking time out of your evenings

to come join us this evening.

11 ATTENDEE: Can you go a little louder?

MR. WALTER: That's what happens when you

13 follow a tall guy.

[Laughter.]

MR. WALTER: How's that? You all in the

16 back, can you hear me? Okay.

What I'd like to do is take you through a

s brief overview of the project, some of the

19 findings of the EA, and where we will be going

20 from this point forward with the project.

21 But first, let me take you right back to

22 the very beginning. Federal Highway

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1 Administration and the District Department of

2 Transportation, which you will hear us frequently

3 referring to as DDOT, are proposing to

4 rehabilitate the 1-1/2-mile segment of Broad

5 Branch Road from Linnean Avenue down to almost

6 Beach Road.

As shown here on this particular map, the

s entire -- almost the entire eastern border of the

9 roadway borders Rock Creek Park, and this park is

10 owned, operated, and maintained by the National

11 Park Service, and as such, National Park Service

12 has agreed to become a cooperating agency in this

13 proposed study.

Now, there's several factors that have

s gone into this project that constitute a federal

16 action. There's federal funding. There's a

17 possibility of federal permits. There's also the

s possibility of use of federal lands as owned by

19 the National Park Service. All of this triggers

a federal action, and under the National

Environmental Policy Act, or what we commonly

22 refer to as NEPA, this requires that an

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1 Environmental Assessment be conducted of the 2 proposed actions. And that's really what this 3 study conducted over the last 2 years has done 4 and the findings of which we'll be presenting to you all tonight. This slide shows the process that we go through with the NEPA process. Paul had mentioned it's been nearly 2 years since this study started with the project initiation. We went through a series of scoping exercises, 11 trying to identify needs and issues and environmental conditions of the project area. This was followed by a series of alternatives -concepts and alternatives that were developed to try to satisfy and improve the existing roadway, and all this culminated in the Environmental Assessment that was published just last month and issued for public review and comment. This has brought us to the point where we are this evening, and that's for public hearing. Much of the work thus far for the last several 22 months has been done by the engineers, planners,

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and scientists working on the project, and it's
   been several months since we've had an
3 opportunity to hear from the general public. It
   also is an opp for the public to provide their
   thoughts on the findings of EA and any comments
   in addition to that they'd like to provide.
            So one of the first steps, as I
   mentioned, when we started this study was to
   scope out the existing conditions. For any of
   you that live or travel the corridor, much of
   this is every evident to you.
            For years, there's been uncontrolled
   runoff from the elevated parcels, particularly to
   the wets of the roadway, which lead down to a
   deterioration of the existing roadway and even
   have water quality effects upon receiving waters
   of Rock Creek Park.
            For those of you who travel this roadway
   in the evenings, once it becomes dark, there are
   safety issues associated with the lack of
21 lighting.
            For years, people have been requesting
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1 the possibility of looking at additional access
2 to and from the park. It exists in a very
3 limited format today.
           We have heard for years -- and I heard it
5 very vividly this evening -- the concerns of
6 speeding on the roadway as it exists today and
  the possibility of what it could be like in the
   future with improvements.
           And if you look at the traffic data on a
  roadway, it actually carries more volumes than
11 you originally would anticipate. If you looked
12 at this in a small segment, you wouldn't expect
13 to see these type of volumes on a two-lane
14 roadway of this size. It's kind of rural in
15 nature, but it does provide a bit of a major
  cut-through, and thus, you see the large volumes
   that are shown on this slide.
           As we go into the study and we recognize
   these conditions, it helps us to find the purpose
  and need behind this particular project, and in
   very simple terms, the purpose of this study and
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22 the purpose of the project is the rehabilitation

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of the existing Broad Branch Road, and it's
2 generated by several needs that have been
3 documented in the EA; quite simply, the
  deteriorated and poor road conditions that are
  out there today, the need for improved stormwater
  management to take care of that uncontrolled
  runoff that I had mentioned, the lack of
8 intermodal needs. Today, it's one thing to drive
  up and down this roadway, but it's quite
  different to try to walk it as a pedestrian or to
  try to travel on it as a bicyclist.
           Also, it is those modes, the latter two
  modes that I mentioned, that a lot of people
  would like to use to access Rock Creek Park.
           And listed last on this slide, but
  certainly not least, is safety. One of the
  overriding factors of improving this roadway is
  trying to improve the safety of all those that
  travel upon it.
           Now, at the same time, we are looking to
  develop improvements for the roadway, you have
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22 got to be cognizant of the environmental issues

1 that are out there. I had mentioned Rock Creek 2 Park and Rock Creek itself travel almost the 3 entire eastern edge of this 1-1/2-mile of 4 roadway. Water quality within Rock Creek Park has been degraded over the years, some of it 6 attributed to the runoff that comes down from the western slopes that I had mentioned across the roadway and into that receiving water. The roadway also traverses a number of residential neighborhoods, some areas a little 11 bit more sparsely populated than others, but nonetheless residential neighborhoods. 13 And if you cut through the front able and met Susan Bupp and didn't realize there were 15 cultural or historic resources in the project area, she'll be the first to tell you that there 17 are a number of them here. And we'll show you some of these on the following slides, and they will be depicted on the boards that are here in

the meeting hall with us this evening.

Now, there are a number of natural

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22 resources in this particular study area; for the

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1 most part, primarily associated with Rock Creek,
   either the waters itself or the habitat that it
   provides along those waterways.
            There, as I mentioned, are a number of
   historic structures in the area. Two Historic
   Districts bound the roadway. There's large
   lengths of historic stone walls associated with
   Rock Creek Park and a number of other historic
   features that are shown in the map and documented
   in detail in the EA.
            As I had mentioned, also, the roadway is
12 lined with a large number of residential and
   community facilities. There are embassy
   residences, the parks that I had mentioned,
   schools, religious facilities, all nearby, many
   of which are accessed either directly or
   indirectly by this particular roadway.
            And lastly, as I had mentioned, the
   roadway itself provides a very important link,
  not just up and down Broad Branch Road, but for
  the connections that it provides. And it truly
22 does serve its intended purposes and probably is
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1 apt to accommodate a little bit more than it was
2 originally designed to do.
           So as part of the Environmental
  Assessment process, our charge was to look at all
5 these factors and then start to develop a series
6 of proposed improvements that could help make
7 this a better roadway with other particular
  facilities associated with it, if appropriate.
           And what we did -- and I recognize a
  number of facts here in the audience -- we took
11 an approach of what we called "building blocks."
12 We had individuals with very differing opinions
13 as to what this roadway should do. Some folks
   wanted it to do nothing more than to simply carry
  automobile traffic. There were others that
   wanted to say if we're going to make this
  improvement, why not make it safer for
  pedestrians, and how about the incorporation of
19 sidewalks on one side, and some even recommended
  on both.
           There was also a large contingent of
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22 bicyclists that wanted to see could this be
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1 accommodating for a bicycle lane or some type of
2 facility.
            We took all of this into consideration,
   and that is what you see here, is what we kind of
   call our building blocks. We looked at different
   ways of constructing the roadway, the curb and
   gutter that could go with the roadway, the
   different types of stormwater management that
   could be used, the incorporation of those other
   modal facilities, like I mentioned, sidewalks or
11 bike lanes, and tried assembling that altogether.
            The challenge we took both to the general
   public and to agencies as we met with them, we
   also showed them this is the amount of roadway
   that the District owns at this time, and some
   places up on the northern end, it's as wide as 90
   to 120 feet wide. You get down to the southern
   end, and it's actually limited to about 30 to 33.
  SO all of a sudden, you are having individuals
  that say, "I want wider roadways. I want
21 improved curb and gutter. I want sidewalks. I
22 want bike lanes." It became wider and wider, and
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Public

Hearing

Comments

and Responses

3 feet of right-of-way. So simply, something has 4 to give, and that something means you would have 5 to go outside the right-of-way to accommodate 6 that. But that's the process we went through, and it resulted in a series of alternatives. We went from a wide range of alternatives down to 10 four that were documented in the Environmental 11 Assessment, one of which is what we call the "no 12 build" or "no action." Essentially, that would mean the sponsoring agency or the owner would go through and maintain on a routine basis the existing roadway, keep it as safe as they can through the short term. But quite honestly, just doing that really didn't meet the purpose and need that I mentioned a few minutes ago. Another important thing that this no 20 build or no action provides, it's also a baseline 21 for us when we do our environmental studies to

22 compare the other alternatives. So you have the

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1 all of a sudden, you are trying to fit a 50- or

2 60-mile facility -- 50-foot-wide facility in 30

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existing condition that is out there today,
   consider that your baseline, and these other
3 build alternatives that I can tell you about, you
   can essentially compare those. And that's what
   the Environmental Assessment does, and some of
   the results you are going to see here later are
   predicated on that.
           The first Candidate Build Alternative I'd
   like to mention is what we have labeled Candidate
   Build Alternative Number 2, and you are going to
  hear me talk about Number 2, Number 3, and Number
   4. We are going to keep it very simple for your
   this evening.
           Number two was literally the minimum
   width improvement that could be done within the
   existing DDOT-owned right-of-way. It essentially
   rehabilitates two 10-foot travel lanes with the
   addition of standard curb and gutter on both the
   east and west side of the roadway. So this
   represented the minimal width.
            There was a little bit different proposal
up in the north end, what you see in the top
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21

1 scheme. Instead of putting a standard curb and 2 gutter on the western edge of the roadway to 3 control the runoff waters, we incorporated what's called a "bioswale" or rain guard. I'm sorry. I knew we had two names on that slide. That was 6 more of a green way of accommodating the runoff 7 as opposed to just a standard curb and gutter. 8 It also was developed in coordination with a day-lighting program that the District Department 10 of Environment is doing up in that area where 11 they are day-lighting the existing buried stream 12 that's up there. So this is where DDOE and DDOT were trying to coordinate their projects together. In addition, by making these improvements, we looked for ways to minimize the amount of cut and fill that would have to take 18 place outside the edge of the existing roadway, 19 so there would indeed be rehabilitation of some 20 of the existing retaining walls out there and construction of new, and we can show you on the 22 alternative plans in the back exactly where those

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1 would occur. And there's also examples of what 2 these particular retaining walls could look like. 3 The ones you will see actually were based on a worst-case basis, but it will give you an idea as to the type of structure we are talking about. In addition to the roadway surfaces, the storm drains would be maintained, and at the bottom of the southern end of the roadway, many of you all may recall just a couple years ago, the culvert at Soapstone Creek had to be 11 replaced. A temporary fix was put into place to 12 take care of that for a couple years, but that particular bridge and culvert is going to be replaced as part of this project too. This particular alternative also had a couple options in it, and as you see no here, you will see location for Option A, Option B, and Option C. In the case of Option A, we were looking for ways to minimize the amount of cut and fill that had to take place. At that location today, there's about 70 foot of 22 retaining wall that was proposed. We felt that

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1 if we extended that by almost 500 feet, that that 2 larger length of retaining wall could minimize 3 the amount of cut that would have to go into that 4 sharp grading slope that goes up at that 5 location. Down at Location B at the very south end of the project and recognizing that this concept -- or this alternative did not have sidewalks incorporated, there was a lot of foot traffic 10 going from Soapstone Creek down to that parking 11 lot just north of Beach Road. So there was an option of putting in a sidewalk at that location. And last -- and this is an option that 14 you will see in all three of the alternatives --15 is at Brandywine At this particular intersection, a T intersection could be considered in lieu of the Y interaction that's there today. It has benefits in terms of better stopping capabilities and safety improvements at 20 that particular location as opposed to free-flow

movements into the existing roadways. It also

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22 opens up a little bit of green space that we

23

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1 thought we could do some additional rain gardens
   and things like that.
            So putting that all together, the price
   tag on this particular alternative is estimated
   at $29 million, and it would take about 24 months
   for construction.
           The next alternative, Alternative Number
   3, is one where we expanded the proposal to try
   to take care of one of those other modal means,
needs, and in this case, it was pedestrian
11 access. So in the case of this alternative,
there are two 10-foot travel lanes with the curb
   and gutter, just like the other alternative, with
   the exception again at the northern end where
   that bioswale can replace the concrete gutter.
   But in the case of this alternative, a new 6-foot
   sidewalk on the west side of the roadway for the
   entire length is proposed. It becomes a bit
   wider than the other alternative, which results
  in additional retaining walls, again, to minimize
   the amount of cut and fill that would have to
22 take place on the western side.
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Just like Alternative Number 2, this
2 would also replace that culvert down at Soapstone
3 Creek. This particular alternative, with a bit
   more construction involved into it, a bit more
5 land required, has an increased price of $34.2
 6 million, and it would take a bit longer to
   construct, estimated at 30 months.
           ATTENDEE: How much?
            MR. WALTER: Thirty months.
           ATTENDEE: How much?
           MR. WALTER: Oh, how much? 34.2.
           And for all of you all that are taking
   copious notes, most of this information I am
14 citing to you tonight is in the brochure that you
is received. There's a summary table just like the
16 board that's back here that will present you a
17 lot of that same information.
           The fourth alternative, Alternative
19 Number 4, tries to accommodate all three modes --
20 automobile traffic, pedestrian traffic, and
21 bicycle traffic -- and as a result is indeed the
22 widest of the alternatives. It incorporates
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1 those same two 10-foot travel lanes, but it also
2 incorporates a 4-foot bike lane on the eastern
3 side of the roadway, providing one-way traffic,
   one-way bicycle traffic up the roadway. It also
   incorporates that same 6-foot sidewalk that I
   mentioned in Alternative 3.
           Just like all the other alternatives, the
   storm drains would be maintained, but once again,
   with the wider alternative, we are indeed looking
   at additional retaining walls for this particular
11 alternative. That will minimize the amount of
12 right-of-way that needs to be taken, but it's
   still a little bit more than the others.
  Alternative Number 3 would require about a
  half-acre of new right-of-way to be acquired.
   This particular alternative would require about
   one acre. Generally, those requirements come in
   long skinny slivers, but when you look at it over
  the course of 1-1/2 miles, it can add up to as
   much as one acre.
           This is the most expensive of the
22 alternatives, estimated to cost $37.1 million.
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1 and it takes even longer to construct than the
others, and that's at 36 months.
           ATTENDEE: Did you say one-way bike
4 traffic?
           MR. WALTER: You are looking at for this
6 particular one to minimize size -- or to minimize
7 the width. It was felt that it would be safe to
  put a bike lane to allow people to travel in it,
   up the hill, on the right-hand side, coming down
  the hill. It was going to be merged with the
11 runway traffic, so --
           And where's Jim? Jim, am I speaking
   correctly on that? There's your bicycle
   specialist.
           MR. SEBASTIAN: Climbing lane.
           MR. WALTER: Climbing lane. Thank you.
           I had mentioned a moment ago, this is a
   summary of the various impacts associated with
  the projects. It's presented here this evening
20 on the boards. It's in the brochure that you
   were given, and it's also included in the EA.
           But there's just a few things I want to
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1 point out to you, and we can talk about this more
2 during the break when we finish the presentation,
3 but some of the positive as well as negative
   impacts that could be associated with each of the
   alternatives, each of the build alternatives,
   Numbers 2, 3, and 4, do indeed meet the purpose
   and need of improving road conditions, improving
   stormwater management, provide to certain extent
   multi-modal improvements, and look to improve
   safety in each of these cases.
           As I had mentioned, as the alternatives
   got wider to accommodate additional facilities,
   the right-of-way requirements were indeed more
   for each case, as again, in Number 3, we're
  looking at about a half-acre, Number 4 about an
            Each would provide improvements to the
   stormwater management that is out there today, a
   very beneficial aspect of all the build
   alternatives, but there are also some -- what
   could be considered negative aspects as these
22 facilities get bigger. In the case with 3 and 4,
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1 you gain the benefits of improved pedestrian
2 movements, improved bicycle facilities, but when

3 it becomes wider, it is at the expense of

4 something, as I had mentioned early on.

one of the most obvious demonstrations of

6 this is the loss of trees. As we do the

7 improvements for Alternative 2, which I mentioned

8 was the smallest width, there is about 285

potential trees that could be lost. Now, if we

10 put some of those options in, like I mentioned

11 Option a to put in a retaining wall, that

12 required less cut and fill, approximately 45

13 trees could be saved. For the more wider, the

14 wider alternatives, Alternative 3 could affect as

many as 462 trees, and Alternative 4 pretty much

the same number, retaining walls being present I

17 that.

18 Yes, sir.

19 MR. MORGAN: Rick Morgan, Rock Creek

20 Conservancy.

I see the numbers here. There's actually

22 fewer trees taken if you actually have the bike

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MR. WALTER: The Number 4. Actually, we

can show you back here. It is actually through

4 the incorporation of more retaining walls that we

s are able to protect a little bit.

I think as these projects move into final

design -- I've got to confess, we counted each

and every tree. As you get into final design,

9 those numbers become a whole lot more definitive.

A couple other things I just wanted to

11 point out, and hopefully, I am feeding you enough

information that will lend for some good

discussions when we have the break session after

4 this presentation, but as I had mentioned, there

15 are a number of historic properties involved,

16 particularly the historic retaining walls

7 associated with Rock Creek Park.

And we also looked at the potential

19 impacts to parks. I constantly keep referring to

20 Rock Creek Park. We have done everything

21 possible to make all the widening to the left,

22 avoiding any use of the Rock Creek itself, but as

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1 it does get wider, in Alternatives 2 and 3, 2 there's a slight amount of impact to properties 3 in Rock Creek Park under Alternative 3 and more 4 than 2,000 square feet in Alternative Number 4. There's one other park that I'd like to mention that kind of goes unnoticed. I had told 7 you about the option at Brandywine. There is a small triangle that exists within that Y today that's been designated -- or described by many as 10 a park. The ownership, it was within the city, 11 and that's exactly who it belonged to and exactly 12 how it was designated. It was a question, but we've identified it at least as a potential. If we go with the option that turns Brandywine intersection into a T, parts of that would be lost also, and that's the 600 square feet you see represented here. Some of the good news that I'd like to point out after we did these assessments, as part 20 of the Environmental Assessment, you have to look 21 at the potential effects on air quality and 22 noise, potential location of hazardous materials,

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1 a lot of things that scare a lot of people with
2 major public works projects. The good news is
3 along this particular roadway, the proposed
   improvements aren't anticipated to increase auto
   emissions or noise levels, and the really good
   news is the fact that there is no hazardous
   materials located along this corridor.
           That provides you with a summary of
   what's in the EA. In 20 minutes, it's hard to
   tell you everything that's in an
inch-and-a-half-thick document, but we are hoping
12 this gives you enough that if you haven't read
   the EA, prompts you to look at additional
   sections of it.
           And for at least the next 20 minutes, we
   were going to have an open session in the back of
   the room where we could try to answer your
   questions one-on-one. We are going to try to
   maintain our schedule this evening for receiving
   the testimony as part of the public hearing.
           So I'd like to say if within the 20
22 minutes, which will actually put us at 7:35 as
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_{\rm 1} \, opposed to 7:30, we will start the public
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- 2 testimony part of the hearing.
- 3 ATTENDEE: Could you please describe the
- 4 retaining wall that you were talking about?
- 5 ATTENDEE: Can you repeat the question?
- ATTENDEE: I am not sure --
- 7 MR. WALTER: Yeah. The question was
- s could I describe the retaining walls.
- 9 I'm going to tell you a picture is worth
- 10 a thousand words. There's actually a couple
- 11 renderings in the back of the room that show what
- 12 the retaining walls could look like. They are
- 13 conceptual at best. Part of that will all be
- 14 developed in final design, but this does give you
- 15 an idea as to the type of walls that could be
- 16 incorporated.
- ATTENDEE: No, I'm not talking about the
- surface. You were saying the backfill and
- 19 retaining walls, trees and space.
- MR. WALTER: Right.
- 21 ATTENDEE: So that is why we would like
- 22 for you to explain, because I don't quite

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1 understand.

MR. WALTER: Okay. Essentially, I'm

- 3 going to -- I will give you a partial answer. I
- 4 think the best answer is answered by these boards
- back here.
- You can see, if you look at these boards,
- 7 in many places, from the roadway surface, in some
- 8 cases, almost always to the west, in rare
- 9 occasions to the east, as you widen, you have to
- start cutting into the existing embankment.
- 11 Well, you can't cut directly into the embankment
- and just leave a 90-degree angle.
- 13 I'm going to avoid engineering terms
- 14 here. You leave it as a 90-degree angle, it
- 15 sloughs off, it erodes, it collapses onto the
- 16 roadway. You have to grade it to a suitable
- one-to-one -- or one-to-two grade to make sure
- s it's a smooth slope coming down to the roadway.
- 19 That can force you to grade deep into that
- 20 approaching hillside.
- 21 If you put in a retaining wall, you can
- 22 put that 90-degree edge on the project, and you

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1 won't have to grade for the next 60, 70, 80 feet.
           I will directly you to either Tirlok or
3 Piyush, who can show you this much better on one
4 of those graphics back there, and then they can
s also show you kind of what these retaining walls
6 would look like.
            Okay. Let me, before I get into trouble
           ATTENDEE: Why can't we hear your
10 questions and answers? Everybody can hear the
11 same thing.
            ATTENDEE: I totally agree with that.
            ATTENDEE: Nobody else knows what's been
  learned. I'd like to hear --
            MR. WALTER: I've got to turn that to
   DDOT.
           ATTENDEE: -- some answers.
           MR. HOFFMAN: We have been answering
   questions, some questions tonight, but all the
20 way through this process --
           I have to go back to the tall setting.
22 We have been answering questions at this meeting,
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1 but we can get as many people as we have gathered
2 around and back to hear these, and we've answered
  questions at other meetings.
           [Simultaneous speaking.]
           MR. HOFFMAN: Excuse me. Excuse me.
6 This is the format of a public hearing. We are
7 breaking now to suspend this and meet you at the
   boards. We just resume it at 7:35. It is the
   format for the hearing.
           [Simultaneous speaking.]
           MR. HOFFMAN: No, it is not -- sir, it is
not something that we can change.
           ATTENDEE: There is no more time to
   discuss it. Is that the intention?
           MR. HOFFMAN: No, it's not that.
           ATTENDEE: So you have already used --
           MR. HOFFMAN: I will stand here until the
   22nd of November, but I would tell you that you
  have -- you can make these comments.
           ATTENDEE: Explain as we ask questions,
   that would -- it is just a question of switching.
           MR. HOFFMAN: Thanks, Wayne. All right.
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1 Yeah.
            MR. WILSON: Good evening.
            Well, if you all prefer --
            ATTENDEE: You have to step closer to the
5 mic.
            ATTENDEE: The mic.
            ATTENDEE: You have to get closer, Wayne.
            ATTENDEE: Part of the problem is the
  microphone.
            MR. WILSON: Okay.
            ATTENDEE: There will be no microphone
12 that everybody can hear in the back of the room.
            MR. WILSON: Understood.
            If you would prefer to have -- instead of
15 have 20-minute open house and not hear everybody
16 --
17
            ATTENDEE: Who are you?
            MR. WILSON: I'm sorry. I'm Wayne Wilson.
           MR. HOFFMAN: I told you we'd make an
   entrance. He is Mr. Wayne Wilson.
            MR. WILSON: If you prefer to have
21
22 questions in this manner, we will accommodate
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1 that for the 20 minutes, and then we will start
   the public hearing at 7:35. Is that okay?
           [Applause.]
           ATTENDEE: Yes, thank you.
           ATTENDEE: So do you see how easy, how
   that is? Very easy.
           ATTENDEE: We are in an instruction
   phase. If you want to move to Option 2, 3, and
   4, will the road be entirely shut down, and when
  would construction -- when the decision is made,
11 how soon will construction start?
           MR. WILSON: Okay. Can you repeat the
   first part of the question? I understood --
           ATTENDEE: The first part of the question
is, What will happen if Option 2, 3, or 4 is
   adopted? Will the road be entirely shut down
   during the construction period?
           ATTENDEE: Mr. Wilson, can you make sure
   that you repeat the question, so that everyone
   understands what the question was?
           MR. WILSON: Okay. The question was,
22 After we select alternative, would the road be
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immediately shut down?
           No. After we select alternative from the
3 EA, either the no build, Alternative 2, 3, or 4,
4 the road has to be designed. So we have to go
5 through final design, which can take up to a
6 year, because right now you have conceptual
7 impacts on what can happen, but as these
8 gentlemen have explained, we have to go to
   engineering to do survey, and we have to do
  borings. We have to do --
           ATTENDEE: I understand, but when you
12 decide on the final design and when you go
13 forward with the instruction, will the roadway be
14 entirely shut down during the construction
15 period?
           MR. WILSON: No. Part of the design
17 process -- oh. She asked when we start
  construction, will the road be entirely shut
19 down.
           Part of the design process is to look at
21 impacts of traffic. So we will analyze the
22 traffic impacts for the movements, the amount of
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1 -- the heavy amount of traffic, how we turn
2 movements, to look at a best process and best way
3 to construct a roadway, so we can lessen the
   impact to the community. So it won't be an
   entire shutdown of Broad Branch, but we will look
   at segment in certain portions or making it
   one-way at certain point, but we will look at it
   after analyzing the traffic to see what type of
   impacts work best for the project.
            Yes.
            ATTENDEE: You described earlier that
there would be some additional acquisition plans,
   but I don't think it was made clear, the extent
   to which any of that would be acquired from the
15 Park. I got the impression that none of it will
   be acquired from Rock Creek Park.
            Can you describe the process of where
   it's coming from and who owns it now? Thank you.
            MR. WILSON: Okay. Well, the question
   was, as far as the acquisition of property for
21 each alternative.
            For each alternative -- some of the
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1 existing right-of-way is -- or some of the
2 roadway is in Park property now, so it currently
3 exists in the right-of-way, because if you look
4 at the right-of-way lines for any of the maps,
5 it's not -- it is straight and angular. The
6 roadway curves in and out of embassy property,
7 NPS property.
           But for the property that we are looking
   to acquire, that would be assessment of property,
10 evaluation -- there would be coordination if we
11 can -- willing to sell the property if it's an
embassy, if you were some type of easement, but
  we have to go through a process to see what type
14 of transfer is available for a particular land
15 owner.
           ATTENDEE: I don't think you answered the
  question that I asked completely.
           So you won't be acquiring any -- you
  won't be using any Park Service property that's
20 not already being used; is that correct?
           And also, the trees that will be lost
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22 will not be those within the park; is that

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1 correct as well?
            MR. WILSON: The --
            ATTENDEE: He is shaking his head yes.
   Maybe you should let him answer.
            MR. WILSON: Okay, go ahead.
            MR. WALTER: That's what happens when I
   knock on the table. I need a phone book to stand
   on.
            One of the initial design criteria as we
   develop concepts was to try to do anything and
11 everything possible to avoid the acquisition or
12 the need to take lands from Rock Creek Park.
   Those that either live on the west side of the
   roadway probably don't want to hear this, but
  National Park Service lands are protected under
   Section 4(f) of the Department of Transportation
   Act of 1966, which essentially tells us if there
   is a prudent and feasible alternative to using
  Park land, you have to do it for your highway
  project. That was the guiding principle between
   doing the widenings to the west.
            So almost all the trees that you were
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1 questioning about do occur on the western side or on those western slopes leading down to the 3 project. This is the one time where me standing 5 here probably isn't, again, doing as good a 6 question as what those maps on the back tables 7 will show you. So if we don't have time before the testimony starts, I would strongly suggest, take a look at those. You will see exactly where 10 the right-of-way lines exist and where the 11 proposed encroachments take place. ATTENDEE: I have a follow-on to this. 12 May? 13 MR. WALTER: Certainly. ATTENDEE: I think this is a question for 15 16 you. So the cost of each of the options, does that include the land acquisition, number one? 19 And number two, does the District have eminent 20 domain power where they can actually take it from 21 the private property land owners, or does each 22 land owner have to agree to give up their piece OLENDER REPORTING, INC.

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1 of property along that road?
           MR. HAMEED: I am Fasiel Hameed. I am
  also with DDOT, and I manage our Environmental
  and Project Development office.
           ATTENDEE: Can't hear you.
           MR. HAMEED: I am Fasiel Hameed. I also
  work for DDOT, and I manage our Project
  Development and Environment office. So we will
  actually try to answer different questions as
  best we can.
           The first question was, Is the right of
  acquisition cost included in the total cost
  estimates? And the second question was, Does the
  District have eminent domain to acquire property
  from private owners?
           So I don't know, Tirlok or Steve, if you
  want to answer the first question, which is where
  the property acquisition cost included in the
  total cost estimates, yes or no.
           MR. SINGH: No.
           MR. HAMEED: They are not included.
           ATTENDEE: No. Hmm.
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MR. HAMEED: The second one was -- and we
will actually -- as we develop further design,
3 actually they will be included.
           The second question was eminent domain.
5 As actually a fact, yes, the District has that
6 authority. However, that is not what we are
7 planning to do here.
           As Steve explained, the first thing
   actually worked was, since you are abutting Rock
10 Creek Park, we made sure that, you know, impacts
11 to the Park itself are being minimized, and we
12 tried to do that to a certain degree.
           This same thing actually was occurring on
  the private side. We actually did not want to
15 acquire any property whatsoever, but if you look
16 at the three different alternatives or the build
  alternatives, they are areas that actually have
   to occur on property.
           So our first preference actually always
20 is to work with the property owners, but in this
21 process, the first thing you do is identify those
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22 properties to begin with, how much may be

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1 impacted, and then start a conversation with the
2 property owner.
           And then we actually work with the
   property owner. Since it is a federal aid
   project, we actually have a federal process that
   we go through for right of acquisition, and we
   coordinate with the --
           Still can't hear me? Sorry.
           ATTENDEE: No.
           ATTENDEE: No.
           MR. HAMEED: So we first work with the
12 property owners, and then if they are willing, we
   actually also start an appraisal process. So we
   actually have to look at what's called a "fair
  market assessment, " and it is based on that. And
   then you actually negotiate with the property
   owners, and in the end, we typically work with
   the property owners. I don't believe DDOT has
  done any eminent domains yet, and it will not be
   our intention to do it here either.
           So we will be working with whoever the
22 property owner is, trying to see if there is a
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1 way to acquire property to get an easement or
whatever method they actually prefer, and
3 hopefully, that will end up in a good resolution.
           But we'll actually also look at -- this
s also kind of the impact analysis, if you will,
6 that what alternative have bigger impacts. So we
7 will also take that into consideration, if one
  alternative has more impacts on property
   acquisition or private property versus the other,
10 and that is actually the reason for having this
11 public meeting and the comment period that
12 everybody comes and tells us what they think
  impacts are and what areas we should be paying
  more attention to.
           ATTENDEE: So has the District exercised
  an easement?
           MR. HAMEED: Yes. We have done easements
  with property owners a number of times, but like
19 I said, you identify that first and then work
20 with the property owners. If you are one of the
21 property owners, you can still talk to us, but
22 that will be the next step that we will do. As
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1 soon as we know the preferred alternative, we
will start with -- actually engage that
   conversation with the property owners.
            ATTENDEE: Are they paid easements?
            MR. HAMEED: Yes.
            ATTENDEE: Paid easements.
            MR. HAMEED: So there is compensation.
            ATTENDEE: If the party, the land holder,
   does not want to sell, what happens, and who pays
   the court costs?
           MR. HAMEED: So the question is, What if
   the property owner does not want to sell, and who
   pays the cost?
           As I said, so far, since I have been with
   DDOT, over 10 years, we have not invoked eminent
   domain. Typically, we have worked with the
   property owners and worked out a resolution.
            What happens if the property owner does
   not want to sell? Actually, that is a long -- it
  is a complicated process of invoking eminent
   domain, and it's not just DDOT. It goes to
22 Attorney General's office, and unfortunately, I
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1 don't know every single detail about that. But
2 again, like I said, from the project's
3 perspective, that will not be our preference to
4 actually invoke eminent domain.
           ATTENDEE: Do those alternatives include
6 a kind of regime for maintenance of the invasive
7 plants along the creek side? Right now, it's so
  overgrown that you really can't even see some
   places around the corner because the growth is so
10 heavy. I know there's probably joint
11 responsibility between the property owners, but
12 it's not getting done at this point. Do you have
13 a plan to make sure this does get done?
           MR. HAMEED: So the question is, Would
  there be a regime or some mechanism to actually
  take care of the vegetation around the area and
  eliminate the invasive species if there are any?
           Part of the project, again, we have not
19 been able to reconstruct the project for quite
20 some time. Rock Creek Park abuts -- actually, we
21 forgot to introduce Cindy and Nick Bartolomeo
22 from Rock Creek Park, sitting in the back. They
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So we will be working with the Park
   Service. We actually also are working within
   DDOT to start building that capability that we
   can also manage our resources better, especially
   on the vegetation side. So hopefully, by the
   end, we will have something.
            In the center.
            ATTENDEE: Under Option Number 4, which
   is the only option that would provide safety,
11 safe bike access for bike riders from Forest
12 Hills or neighborhoods to the west into the Park
   and into Beach Drive, does that assume that the
   bike path would go from Beach Drive all the way
  to Linnean Avenue under that proposal, or was
   there consideration of a bike path going from
   Beach Drive to Brandywine, which would be -- I
   don't know -- maybe half the distance, and then
   people could drive down Linnean to Brandywine,
   and it would still provide for safe access?
           MR. HAMEED: So the question is
22 Alternative 4.
```

1 are also a cooperating agency on the project.

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Can we go to the slide? Can you move to 2 Alternative 4? So the question is, Does Alternative 4. 4 which has a bike lane, provide bike access all 5 the way through to the end of the project, or are 6 other areas also considered? Actually, the four alternatives -- and 8 actually, I will have to turn it back to Steve for a few minutes to answer that. The four 10 alternatives that you see today were not the only ones looked at. When we started the project, there were a number of other ones, bike lanes on 13 both sides, all the way through on certain sections, but part of the process, only these four moved forward. So with that said, Steve, can you answer like how far they go? MR. WALTER: Yeah. We actually had several concepts that looked at different bike

20 lane configurations. We had them on the climbing

22 length. We had them on both sides, which became

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21 lane side, just like you see for the entire

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significantly wider than what we're looking at,
2 and we did have abbreviated paths, much like what
   you just described.
            We decided for moving forward to having
   an alternative that would incorporate it for the
   entire length may be more beneficial than just
   having the partial, so we considered to -- we
   continued to assess that particular alternative.
           I would say that as it moves into final
   design and if there's more detailed studies that
   may come out of Jim's group showing that the real
  heavy movements are only between certain lengths
   or between certain locations, then that could
   very easily be incorporated into project designs.
           The one thing that was going for us, as I
   had mentioned early on, on the northern half of
   the project, we have a lot more right-of-way to
   work with that we didn't have on the south, so
   that was one of the reasons for incorporating its
   entire length.
           ATTENDEE: I didn't see anything in the
22 diagram that mentioned anything addressing
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1 speeding on this road. Is there anything in the
2 design that addresses that?
           MR. HAMEED: So the question is the
   purpose -- safety and speeding, the purpose in
  each statement, were any of the alternatives
6 actually also looked at meeting safety and
7 speeding issues.
           Sorry.
           One of the things, actually, I do want to
  mention is -- and it's related to your question
11 -- is one of the charges we had for the designers
was to try to stay within the right-of-way, so
  you would not see any widening of the -- the
   travel lanes themselves, they are being kept,
   too, as they are, and they are 10 feet wide.
           With those narrower street paths, it
  actually does allow -- actually asks people to
   slow down, and I will actually turn it over to
  Steve or if you should answer the more detailed
   question.
           There were other -- safety was also --
22 the structural safety and the horizontal
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1 alignments of the roadway, because at many
2 locations, it's also unsafe, because you cannot
see when you turn around, or you go up or down,
   so those are also the safety considerations. It
   was not just speed itself.
            I don't know, Steve, if you want to
   answer the speeding question or Piyush.
            MR. WALTER: I'll start, at least tell
   you what was considered.
            An early consideration was just that. We
   heard from the very first day that speeding along
   the existing roadway was a problem, and I've even
   heard as recently as this evening, you make it a
   better travel surface, that's even going to
   exacerbate that situation, that people are going
   to travel even faster.
            We looked early on at different concepts.
   traffic calming aspects, that could be used on
   this roadway that are used elsewhere in the city
   and actually in the surrounding metro area.
   There are things that you can do, such as speed
22 bumps or speed humps. There are things that you
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1 can use such as bump-outs. There are things you 2 can do such as a pre-striping and painting of the 3 roadways. We really didn't think, based on what we 5 had heard in our early conversations, that those 6 were appropriate traffic calming for this 7 particular location. So they didn't progress forward, not to say that I think if additional studies are done as part of final design, that 10 they couldn't be incorporated in. They can indeed be designed in, but based on the 12 preliminary evaluations that we did, traffic calming elements really weren't a favored design peace. ATTENDEE: Why not? ATTENDEE: You said something about leveling out the road because of a line of sight. So that seems to me -- I mean, the characteristic

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of the road now is it's a country road. It does

out, that means people are going to go faster on

22 that road. That's what that means.

go up and down a little bit, but if you level it

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MR. WALTER: Okay. Let me -- rather than
  a non-engineering answer your question, I will
3 turn right to an engineer, because I want you to
  hear it from the fellows that designed these
  things for the last 30 years.
           When we talk about reducing some of the
  horizontal curves, we're not talking about major
  leveling of the roadway and driving down hilltops
  or anything like that.
           Piyush or Tirlok, if you wanted to hazard
  a guess, what type of reduction are we showing in
  a roadway surface in these horizontal curves?
           And if you think I need a microphone,
  wait till you hear this gentleman talk.
           MR. RADADIYA: My name is Piyush
  Radadiya, and I work with Sheladia Associates.
           The roadways are designed for 25 miles-
  per-hour speed, and as far as the profile
 concerns, we are not changing much. We are
  pretty much at the same grade. So the roadway
  therein will remain as-is.
           ATTENDEE: Well, what's the point of it
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1 at all then?
           MR. RADADIYA: What was the question?
           ATTENDEE: What's the point of changing
4 the leveling at all?
           MR. RADADIYA: We didn't change it. We
6 are pretty much at the same profile.
           ATTENDEE: Well, I read in the EA that --
           MR. RADADIYA: No. It is a few inches
  here and there but nothing major.
           ATTENDEE: Can somebody explain to me why
is it that you have a bike route on the west as
if that's the only direction that bikers go?
13 Because I have been biking in this area for a
   couple of groups, and when we go west, we also
   come back home east, so --
           [Laughter.]
           ATTENDEE: Is there a reason why you
   can't you add another foot? Where you have the 6
19 feet for the sidewalk, you take 1 foot away from
20 that and add an east lane coming back. That
21 should solve the problem, because bikers don't
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22 even require about 3 feet anyway.

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MR. HAMEED: Can you see if Jim is back
   there, Lezlie or someone?
            So the question is why did we consider
   only bike lanes on one side and not on both
   sides.
            ATTENDEE: And why can't you take 1 foot
   away from the walking side and make a line coming
   back east?
           MR. HAMEED: Sure. So again, the
   question is why the bike lanes are on one side
11 and why couldn't we take some more space on the
   other side and give it to bike lanes.
           Like I said in the beginning, these three
   were not the only alternatives that were
   developed to begin with. We had a number of
   alternatives that we looked at.
           When we actually went through the whole
   exercise of moving forward, we actually -- and,
  Jim, I would need your help on answering this
  one.
           We actually were also trying to minimize
22 the impact of the right-of-way, take -- be it
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1 Park property or private properties, also having
2 because of the slopes and the grades on each side
3 -- also minimizing the needs for cut and fill or
4 the retaining walls.
            So originally, there was a concept that
6 had bike lanes on both sides. However, we
7 actually only went with this one on one side to
8 minimize all the impacts. The moment you start
  adding things, be it a sidewalk or a bike lane,
10 you actually have to expand the existing -- it
11 may be a right-of-way, but there are serious
12 profile challenges on both sides. So we will
   either have to cut into the retaining walls on
  the Park side and get into the stream, or we have
   to cut on the other side. And there are also
   vegetation losses.
           So based on that, actually, we move for
   the bike lane on one side, and, Jim, I need you
   to probably answer why it was on uphill side
20 rather than -- and can you come to the mic?
           MR. SEBASTIAN: Sure. Yeah, sorry.
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MR. HAMEED: And if you can state your

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name first.
            MR. SEBASTIAN: Sure. Jim Sebastian with
3 DDOT, so I've got another meeting. So I got to
   split after this.
            But the idea being the uphill direction
   is where you have the biggest speed differential
   between the car and the bike, and we have, you
   know, a few of these around the city, but that's
   where it's most needed. And to add another bike
   on the other side would simply be 5 more feet, so
11 it would go from, you know, a big impact to even
  bigger impact. So that was our thinking.
            We also looked at consolidating the bike
   and ped into one trail on one side. That is
   possible, but it would also require more space.
   When you have a bike/ped trail, you need a 5-foot
   buffer between the road and the trail. You need
   2 feet of shy distance from the retaining wall,
   so it gets a little wider.
            So how was that?
           MR. HAMEED: Thanks.
           ATTENDEE: Was there any thought -- when
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1 you looked at the neighborhood, was any thought

- 2 given to if you do the expansion of sidewalks and
- 3 whatnot, which I'm not really in favor of -- my
- 4 concern is loss of trees and damaging the
- s environment. But people can access through the
- 6 neighborhood. If you made it from Brandywine
- 7 down to the parking lot, that is where you would
- 8 widen it. People can then go up Brandywine and
- go along Linnean, and I think that would be a
- 10 much more pleasant walk and bike ride for that
- 1 matter --
- 12 ATTENDEE: Safer.
- ATTENDEE: -- than right along the road.
- 14 And I imagine you would save tons of vegetation
- 15 if you did that.
- So, you know, it's just we're taking
- 17 hundreds of trees down in one place and hundreds
- s of trees down another place, and every time I
- 19 read the Current, it's like more trees. And
- 20 every time someone does a big mansion, they take
- 21 down all the trees. And now we're taking them
- 22 down from the Park? I mean, let's try to

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1 minimize it. Why can't we just, you know, have

2 people up through the -- ride their bikes, walk

3 along the neighborhood, and get out Brandywine --

4 ATTENDEE: Could you say that as a

s statement, please? This is supposed to be for

6 questions.

MR. HAMEED: Thank you.

8 ATTENDEE: When I read the report and

9 also the presentation by Mr. Walter, it is kind

of misleading in a sense that the road is in bad

11 shape. It is deteriorating. When you drive it

or you walk it, which I did -- and I bike it a

13 lot there -- 95 percent of the road is fine.

So the question I ask you, Why won't this

15 road shows in this priority to -- fundamentally,

when in the area of 2, 3 miles around this area

17 in the immediate neighborhood, there are roads

18 that are in much worse shape? Why go for this

one, which is basically fine, and many others in

the area are in much worse shape?

MR. HAMEED: Sure. So the question is

22 why was this --

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[Applause and cheering.]
           MR. HAMEED: If you would, please.
            So the question is, Why was this road
4 chosen to be rehabilitated when this road is in
5 much better shape compared to other streets in
6 the area?
           Actually, the road has not been
8 reconstructed in quite a few decades. We paved
9 parts of it a few years ago. That is why you see
on surface to be in good shape. Substructures,
11 it's not in a good shape. It is deteriorating.
           The retaining walls on the Park side are
13 all deteriorating. There are areas where
14 stormwater gets collected. So the roadway
15 actually is -- and the project has been actually
  on the books for over two decades. It's been a
   very, very long project in the making. So this
  is not the first time the project has come up,
19 and actually, the last time it went into design
20 -- and we actually took a step back a few years
21 ago and said we need to go through a formal
22 environmental review process, look at all the
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1 alternatives -- because when we were in design
2 last time, people asked the question, why not a
3 sidewalk, why not a bike lane, why not stormwater
   management, and there were impacts to the Park.
            So we took a step back a few years ago
   and said, "Okay. Let's do the Environmental
   Assessment process, figure out what's needed,
   then make an informed decision, and move
   forward."
            And actually, I would also like to
11 identify -- there are also historic resources in
   the area. The Park itself is a Historic
   District, and there are other historic resources.
   So we actually have to look at everything before
15 we would move forward. So this is the process.
   and these are the impacts. We haven't made a
   decision. That's why we had a public hearing to
   make that decision.
            Actually, sorry. Can --
            ATTENDEE: Oh, this is a good follow-on,
   because my question is whether or not you've done
22 kind of a cost-benefit analysis projecting
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1 forward in the Band-Aid, do nothing, patch it up
2 and keep going scenario, where you continue to
3 have storm runoff, you continue to have
4 deterioration.
           Do you have a sense of kind of what is
6 the annualized cost of maintaining a road versus
7 doing more of a structural repair, like 2, 3, or
8 4? And how would that -- would it save money in
   the long run?
           ATTENDEE: And it is interesting that the
11 first alternative is the only one where you do
not provide the cost, which is precisely what he
  lady is asking. All the others, you provide
   alternative costs. The first one, you don't.
   Why didn't you provide a cost there?
           MR. HAMEED: Sure. So the question is,
   Was there a cost-benefit analysis done for all
   the alternatives, what it will cost to actually
19 maintain the existing roadway, and what does it
20 mean for the rest as well?
           And the second follow-up was the
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22 Alternative 1, which is no build, does not have a

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No build actually is a baseline for all
3 NEPA projects, which is basically what if we do
4 nothing, what happens, so it's the capital cost
   that was -- that's why you didn't see anything.
6 The capital cost, of course, is right now
7 nothing, but the cost of maintenance will keep on
   increasing.
            And actually, again, if the roadway looks
   like nice on the surface, it's just a pavement
11 which was redone. It's not the subsurface, and
   that will deteriorate.
            We actually had Soapstone -- sorry. Is
   that the Soapstone Creek?
            ATTENDEE: Yes.
            MR. HAMEED: The culvert that actually
   almost collapsed, and we had to shut it down for
   quite some time. It was redone for only a short
   period. We actually have to reconstruct it very
   soon, and also, remember there are just not --
   there are a number of factors we looked at, not
22 just safety, not just speed.
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Stormwater management is a big issue. At
2 that point, the creek actually floods, and
3 actually, it blocks the culvert. So it actually
4 starts to flood, and it actually starts the
5 pressure, the subsurface too. So it will wash
6 away eventually if you don't do something soon.
7 So there are a number of things we have to
  consider to move forward.
           Purely, in terms of cost benefit
10 analysis, no, that was not done. Typically,
11 those are not done in the process, but if you
12 look at how the assessments are done, you look at
   all the impacts, and then you also look at the
  cost. The cost is one of the factors, not the
only factors, because we have to look at all the
  impacts to community, historic resources, Park
  land, everything before we make a decision. So
  in a way, it is a cost benefit analysis, but in
19 the pure sense of the definition of cost benefit
20 analysis, no, that was not included in the EA.
21
           Yes.
           ATTENDEE: I have a trees question. I
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1 know the numbers that are up there, but how far
2 up the banks are we going? I assume that all
   trees within the expanded right-of-way are going.
            And the second part of that question is,
   on the Park Service side, on the east side, I
   mean, you're right. The road goes into Park
   Service land. Are any trees going to be left on
   the east side, even though they may be
   technically within the Park? Just thinking about
   construction, I can't see how they can survive.
           MR. HAMEED: Sure. I don't need to
12 repeat that question, because I think he did a
   good job.
           Actually, I know we should have the
   question answered here, but actually having open
   house format was for that reason. It is very
   hard to actually project all the maps.
            If you go to the back, the maps actually
   have the entire stretch, and they have the limit
  of disturbance. So they actually show you
21 exactly how far during construction, not only the
22 permanent, but also during construction will have
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1 to go. And the trees are also identified. So
 2 the entire stretch of the entire roadway is
 3 almost impossible for us to project here. So it
 4 actually it identified there. It is in the
 5 appendices of the EA. It shows you exactly how
 6 it is.
            Typically, in the environmental process,
 since it's at the very early stage of project
 9 development, we look at, I guess, the upper side
10 of impacts, but during design and construction,
11 we do try to minimize that.
            We have an Urban Forestry Administration
   in DDOT, whose whole purpose is trees and
   vegetation. So we will be working with them to
15 see how many of those trees need to be retained
  or can be used or if we have to replace them, and
  of course, we will be working with Park Service
18 as well, working with their resource folks to
make sure that the trees that are impacted can
20 either be avoided, or if we are going to take
21 them, then we actually also can replant them.
            But one thing to remember in the EA
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1 process, typically the trees are impacted. That
2 does not mean it's going to be taken down. What
3 we define as impacted is as soon as you are under
   the canopy line, we call it an impact. It does
   not necessarily mean the tree actually will be
6 taken down. In some cases, it will be, but
   that's why you are going to see an upper limit.
   It's not the actual number. It probably would go
   down.
            We actually have to start the testimony.
11 So I will take one more question, and then we can
   actually --
            ATTENDEE: I have a follow-on for safety.
   You need to hear this.
           MR. HAMEED: Sure. If it is a statement.
   can we get it in the statement process?
            ATTENDEE: No. You know, it --
            MR. HAMEED: Sorry.
            ATTENDEE: Look, I understand that you
  guys do studies, and I understand the difference
   between engineers and, you know, everybody else,
22 but I live there, and people go 80 miles an hour
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1 through that interaction, okay? And they didn't
2 do that before they widened the road when we
 3 stopped this the last time, right? Because it
 4 was little, like he said, it was a country road.
           People don't keep inside their lanes when
 6 the bikes aren't around. They drive in the bike
 7 lane. So even if you don't straighten it -- and
  there aren't going to ever be that many bikes on
   that road -- you are going to be attracting more
   pedestrians --
           ATTENDEE: Could you ask a question,
12 please?
           ATTENDEE: You know, did you guys ever --
           MR. HAMEED: If you wouldn't, please --
           ATTENDEE: Did you guys consider -- did
16 you talk to anybody about the practical behavior
of putting these factors together with the
   attraction of old people that live on that road
in the home, the kids that are in school around
20 here, the bicycles of kids, not just the
21 bicyclists, and how cars actually behave on a
22 road? I mean, did you --
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MR. HAMEED: Sure. So the question is
2 there are a lot of safety concerns. People speed
3 all the time, and when we develop these
   alternatives, did we look at all of those?
            So actually, again, going back to the
   whole process, we heard from everyone what their
   concerns were, right? And then based on that and
   what we knew, we developed the alternatives. We
   have not made a decision with reconstruction, no
   build, or any of the other build alternatives,
11 but that's the purpose of having these meetings,
   that people can come and actually give their
   concerns.
           I mean, we've tried it a number of times,
  but now that you actually have the document and
   it shows the impacts, that's the time. So it's
   actually a valuable, comment, but that's what we
   need to hear from everyone.
           I know some of the people would like a
  bike lane. Some people probably just want
   sidewalks. Some people just want reconstruction.
22 Some people may not want anything, but that's
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what we need to hear before we make a decision,
 what are the concerns, and actually, on the
 3 safety and speeding issue, one thing to remember,
 4 we totally understand it abuts Rock Creek Park.
 5 It is kind of a country-like roadway, as you call
6 it, or it's like a park-like roadway. And our
7 intent is not to change the character of the
 8 roadway, and that will go into the design.
           ATTENDEE: But people will abuse it.
   Three people have been killed on that road since
11 I moved in, okay? Three people.
           MR. HAMEED: If you wouldn't mind, put it
in the comment, but the whole point is, if it's
   going to be widened or not, the decision has not
15 been made. So you should comment on that, so we
   can actually look at everybody's concern.
           I already said the last question, but can
   we take one last and just move forward?
           ATTENDEE: Where are we in the process?
           MR. HAMEED: Great question. Do we have
21 a slide?
           ATTENDEE: What is the timeline? Because
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1 I read this in the Northwest Current today, and
2 it sounds like you're already at the cliff. So
3 where are we?
           MR. HAMEED: We are not on the cliff.
           [Laughter.]
           MR. HAMEED: So the question is we are in
   the process. So part of the Environmental
   Assessment process, we start the process. We
   have meetings. We have public input, develop the
o alternatives, and then we actually develop an
11 Environmental Assessment document, which is
12 released for 30 days of public comments.
           So the document was produced, and it was
   released for 30 days of public comments starting
   on -- do you remember the date?
           ATTENDEE: October 22nd.
           MR. HAMEED: October 22nd. So it was 30
   days of public comments.
           During that comment period, we actually
  also have a public hearing, which is tonight.
   Based on when the public comment period ends,
which is 15 days from today, we will actually
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1	compile all the comments that we received. Then
2	we will get together with the agencies, look at
3	all the impacts, look at the public comments we
4	received, and then make our decision on those
5	four alternatives, which one should move forward.
6	Then actually, we will release the final document
7	with the preferred alternative, and after that,
8	the design and construction can start.
9	But let me also say that that will be the
10	end of the NEPA process, not the public
11	involvement and communication process, because
12	that's why Paul started the meeting. He is the
13	Program Manager for this area, so he will be
14	leading the design. He will be leading the
15	construction. So he is here for the long run.
16	So in terms of process, going back, we
17	are in the public review and comment period of
18	the Environmental Assessment document, and you
19	still have 15 more days. If you don't want to
20	comment today, you still have 15 more days to
21	provide the comment, and then we will actually
22	make a decision after that.
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Okay. Can we --
            ATTENDEE: Can we have one more question?
            ATTENDEE: No.
            ATTENDEE: We have to start.
            MR. HAMEED: Can you please --
            ATTENDEE: We have to start. We have to
   start. We got to start.
            MR. HAMEED: We need to start the
   testimony.
           I can actually step back, and you can --
11 I can talk to you, if you want.
           If you had not signed at the back, there
   actually -- there was a sign-in sheet, so we will
   start calling names based on the sign-in sheet.
           And should we go with 2 minutes now? We
   will still go with 3 minutes, but if you could be
   short, that will be great.
            Thank you.
            MR. WALTER: And real quick, what I am
  going to do in the interest of expediting this,
   this evening, I am going to call the next
22 speaker's name, followed by an on-deck person.
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1 That way, you can work your way up here.

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Barry, if you give me one second, I am
   going to move this out of your way. I will give
   that to you.
            I was quickly reminded when you do join
   us at the microphone, if you will state your
   name. If it's a complicated spelling, please
   spell it for the court reporter, and also provide
   her with your address, if you so desire.
            Thank you.
            [Pause.]
            MR. WALTER: Please. Now if I could ask
11
   you to be quiet, so that everyone in the room can
   hear the speaker. Thank you.
            BARRY BLACKMAN: Hi. I am Barry
   Blackman. I am a local resident. Thank you for
   having this open process.
            I think there are some legitimate
17
   concerns about the roadway which are raised, and
   they are two. One is the water runoff, which is
   damaging the roadway and to killing Broad Branch
```

and from that Rock Creek-Broad Branch is a dead waterway because of the runoff. So I think that

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#### Response to Barry Blackman:

Thank you for your comments.

#### Responses to comments:

1. Comment noted. As described in Section 2.3.1 of the Final EA, the Preferred Alternative, Alternative 3 Modified, incorporates various stormwater management improvements, including perforated stormwater sewers, rain gardens, and water quality catch basins, to address deficiencies in the existing stormwater management systems.

1 problem needs to be resolved, and two is the safety issue. I think both those problems are resolved by Alternative 2, which would put in the gutters and so forth but not widen the roadway, if it were modified to accommodate measures to deal with the safety issue. For example, there is the darkness in the road was mentioned, but Alternative 2 does not have any additional lighting. Either does any of the other alternatives. So additional lighting could be in -- added to Alternative 2. And there are various means of slowing down the speed of cars on the roadway. Some were mentioned, speed bumps and so forth. Speed cameras would be another way. A police presence would be another way of doing that. Once people got the message that you got tickets for speeding on Broad Branch, they would slow down. So you don't need to broaden the roadway, which would only encourage speeding to do that. 6 And finally, I would mention there were OLENDER REPORTING, INC. 1100 Connecticut Avenue NW, #810, Washington, DC 20036

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- 2. As discussed in Sections 2.3 and 4.4 of this Final EA, the Preferred Alternative, Alternative 3 Modified, will improve the safety of motorists, pedestrians, and bicyclists with improvements in sight lines and horizontal curves, the addition of sidewalks and crosswalks, repair of degraded facilities, improved lighting, and stormwater facilities.
- 3. Comment noted. The Preferred Alternative, Alternative 3 Modified, would include safety improvements to minimize or eliminate these safety issues.
- 4. As noted in Sections 2.3 and 4.3.9 of this Final EA, the Preferred Alternative includes improved lighting and would improve this situation. Details on the type and location of lighting will be developed and finalized during the final design phase of the project.
- 5. While the Preferred Alternative would improve the safety of motorists, bicyclist and pedestrians using Broad Branch Road by improving sight distances and horizontal curves, no increase in the width of travel lanes is proposed. As noted in Section 2.3 of this Final EA, proposed curbs will provide the additional benefit of traffic calming.

```
know if you counted how many of those cars were
   from Maryland rather than from D.C. And I for
   one as a D.C. taxpayer don't -- my impression is,
   not scientific, that the majority of cars are
   commuters from Maryland, and I don't much
   appreciate paying to facilitate their way using
   our roads as a commuter route.
            Thank you very much.
            MR. WALTER: George will be our next
   speaker, and following George will be David
   Cottingham.
            MR. CLARK: My name is George Clark. For
   identification, I was former President of the
   Forest Hills Citizens Association. I mention
   that because of trees and the 5-year battle we
   had at the Zoning Commission to get the tree and
   slope overlay, and now I am terribly disappointed
   to hear that we want to take down between 260 and
   460 trees. And it says "loss," by the way, in
   the chart. It doesn't say "impacted." It's
22 1-o-s-s.
```

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some statistics on vehicle traffic, and I don't

6. Comment noted.

#### Response to George Clark:

Thank you for your comments.

#### Responses to comments:

1. Table S-1 and Table 4-5 of this Final EA identify the number of trees impacted within the limits of disturbance for the Preferred Alternative (as identified by the tree survey). The number of trees impacted on NPS lands is provided in Table 4-8. Locations of impacted trees within the limits of disturbance for the Preferred Alternative have been added to conceptual alignment plans in Appendix B. As indicated in Section 4.1.4 of the Final EA, tree removal on both sides of the roadway will be limited to the maximum extent possible by minimizing the extent of cut and fill for the proposed improvements. All trees will be protected during construction or replaced according to DDOT's Standard Specifications for Highways and Structures – Section 608 Trees, Shrubs, Vines, and Ground Covers.

And we don't know how many trees on the Park side are coming out. I can't imagine given the proximity of the road to Broad Branch and to the Park property, which runs on the west side of Broad Branch, that we are going to keep any trees that are immediately adjacent to Broad Branch. We don't know how many trees will be left. That's why I asked the question before. I mean, it sounds like everything within the right-of-way is going to be gone. There's talk about 17-foot retaining walls. I know there is talk that maybe it will only be 5 or 6 feet above the ground, but if you want to see any scenic route along Broad Branch Road, you are not going to see it from your car. Your grandchildren aren't going to see it from a stroller, and your 10-year-olds aren't going to see it either. I mean, we are talking about high Jersey walls in many places. You know, almost 50 years ago, the people in this city beat the Center Leg Freeway, and now

we want to rebuilt it as two lanes along Broad

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- 2. As described in Section 2.3, retaining walls on both sides of the roadway will be designed to be compatible with the roadway setting see renderings presented in Figures 2-4, 2-5 and 2-6. The higher walls are located on the west side of the roadway and are intended to minimize encroachment outside the DDOT-owned right-of-way and to limit cutting and clearing. Walls on the east side of the roadway will be designed to maintain slope integrity for safety purposes and still provide views of areas to the east from the new sidewalks.
- The Preferred Alternative is designed to address existing safety and stormwater management deficiencies along Broad Branch Road. No vehicle-capacity improvements are proposed. Broad Branch Road will continue to have one 10-ft travel lane in each direction.

1 Branch Road. I don't think we really want to do that. I don't see how that's environmentally, ecologically, or aesthetically pleasing. The cost of the sidewalk along the full length is an interesting thing. It's a mile and a half, but if you are up by Linnean and down until you get, you know, close to where you go up on 27th Street, I mean, it's relatively flat. I mean, it's not along the Peruvian Embassy grounds. We didn't hear anything about how we are taking land from Peru, Italy, and Malaysia, which is the majority of the land where it has to come from, but that's a separate issue. But the cost of the sidewalk, we're looking at for -- let's say it's 1.1 miles. We are looking at 6.5- to \$8 million. We are talking about, what, 5- or 600-, up to \$750,000 per one-tenth of a mile for the sidewalk? Is that a worthwhile expenditure? I'm not sure that it is. An d so I just think that, yes, we need

to do something with this road. We need to fix

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82

- Comment noted. Conceptual construction cost estimates, including the cost of the sidewalk, for the Preferred Alternative and the Candidate Build Alternatives are provided in Appendix C.
- 5. As indicated in Section 2.3.1 of the Final EA, the Preferred Alternative is a modified version of Candidate Build Alternative 3, in which the majority of widening of the roadway is proposed on the east side of the existing roadway to avoid any encroachment upon sovereign nation's properties.
- 6. As presented in Appendix C Table C-2, the estimated cost of constructing the sidewalk under the Preferred Alternative is \$366,747. The District of Columbia's Priority Sidewalk Assurance Act of 2010 requires the installation of a sidewalk for reconstruction of roadways that are currently lacking sidewalks.
- 7. The Preferred Alternative, Alternative 3 Modified, minimizes the impact footprint of the proposed improvements while meeting the requirements of the District of Columbia's Priority Sidewalk Assurance Act and providing necessary stormwater management improvements.

it.	We	don'	t	know	what	the	annual	maintenance
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- 2 costs are. It's not terrific, but we don't need
- 3 to have a project that widens it from 20 to 22
- 4 feet to 33 to 44 and 45 feet.
- [Applause.]
- 6 MR. WALTER: On deck, we will have Adam
- 7 Sieminski.

1

- 8 MR. COTTINGHAM: Hi. I am David
- Cottingham. I am on the board of Rock Creek
- 10 Conservancy, which is an organization here in
- 11 town and in Montgomery County that strives to
- both protect Rock Creek and its watershed as well
- as revitalize and encourage and improve public
- 14 access to Rock Creek.
- So I see that we are torn with a dilemma
- of trying to take a road that was built as a farm
- road, and now we are trying to move it into the
- 18 21st century, with all the demands that all of us
- put on it. We have built houses along it. We've
- 20 got a wonderful National Park along it, and
- there's a tremendous tension between improving
- 22 that access and the potential to protect the

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### Response to David Cottinghan:

Thank you for your comments.

### Responses to comments:

1. The Preferred Alternative, Alternative 3 Modified, minimizes the impact footprint of the proposed improvements while improving access to Broad Branch Road and Rock Creek Park.

Final Environmental Assessment of Broad Branch Road, NW

```
stream valley with going into -- potentially
   going into people's yards.
           It's very similar to the discussion we
  have been having on Nebraska Avenue with some of
   the same people who are sitting in this room, as
  how do you improve public access into and along a
  National Park in a way that is environmentally
   sustainable?
           The stormwater measures that they are
   talking about here are really quite innovative.
  We need -- I don't think anybody -- everybody in
   this room who has spoken here, we all use this
   road. I live right up the street and go up and
   down the road all the time. It's not in good
   shape, despite with all due respect to the
   gentleman here. There are power lines that are
  practically at chest height. You could strangle
  yourself if you ran into the power lines. There
```

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are logs that are right next to the road. The District has done a lousy job of maintaining the road and the access to it, and we all know that.

We use this.

2. Deterioration of Broad Branch Road is largely due to uncontrolled stormwater runoff from offsite areas. The Preferred Alternative includes stormwater management improvements that will reduce the volume and velocity of stormwater runoff within Broad Branch Road and areas downstream.

```
So I think we've got to find a way that
   balances some of these competing uses. You have
   laid out a number of alternatives. All of us
   would have some dickering with one of them, or
   some of us would like one or the other, but we do
   need to balance this for a once-in-a-generational
   opportunity.
           We are not going to have an opportunity
   to fix this for another 50 or 60 years. With
   that in mind --
11
           I get 5.
            [Laughter.]
           MR. COTTINGHAM: With that in mind, I
13
   would like to point out some other things that
   are going on that are affecting Rock Creek Park.
           Many of us have heard about what is going
   on at Soapstone Valley and how D.C. Water is now
   -- the 400 trees we are talking about here is
   nothing compared to what they are talking about
   in Soapstone Valley. There are sewer lines
   underneath Broad Branch Road. The sewer from my
   house probably goes -- sewage probably goes down
```

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- 3. Comment noted. The Preferred Alternative, Alternative 3 Modified, minimizes the impact footprint of the proposed improvements while improving access to Broad Branch Road and Rock Creek Park.
- 4. The leaking sewer lines are described in Sections 3.1.2, 3.3.8 and 3.3.9 of this Final EA. DDOT will continue to coordinate with DC Water during the project's design phase and construction phases to align utility replacement of decaying sewer lines along the project roadway.

Public Hearing Comments and Responses

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1 those roads, and they are 100 years old. There
2 is no mention in this document that D.C. Water is
   going to cooperate to make sure that they take
   care of those lines now, so that a year from now,
   they don't have to come back and do it.
           We need to make sure that the D.C.
   Government actually talks to each other, so that
   D.C. Water and D.C. DOE and D.C. DDOT all talk to
   each other as they fix all these things at one
   time.
            There are two pipes there, as I
11
   understand it --
13
           ATTENDEE: Yes.
           MR. COTTINGHAM: -- and a 21-inch and an
   18-inch. One of them is over 100 years old.
   They have got to fix those things, because they
   are chronically leaking into Broad Branch.
           So the Conservancy is not going to take a
   position here tonight. We will get our comments
   in, but I really do appreciate the level of
   effort that DDOT and the consultants have come up
22 with to propose to us, the citizens who live in
```

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the neighborhood, ways to fix this.
            So thank you very much.
            [Applause.]
            MR. WALTER: On deck, we have Andrew
   Huff.
            MR. SIEMINSKI: Hi. Good evening,
   everybody. My name is Adam Sieminski. I live on
   Brandywine Street with my wife Lori. We had two
   older kids now, but they were young, 20, 25 years
   ago, and I have heard very little from any of the
   previous speakers on pedestrian and bicycle
   safety.
            Trying to enjoy the use of Rock Creek
13
   Park would be dramatically enhanced, in my view,
   if there was access from Broad Branch Road for
   pedestrians and bicyclists. I would like to --
            [Applause.]
17
           MR. SIEMINSKI: I'd very much like my
   grandchildren -- I hope I have some someday -- to
   enjoy that too, but they aren't going to enjoy it
   walking along that road, and they are not going
   to enjoy it bicycling along that road. And I
```

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### Response to Adam Sieminski:

Thank you for your comments.

### Responses to comments:

1. The Preferred Alternative, Alternative 3 Modified, will improve safety for pedestrians and bicyclists along Broad Branch Road while minimizing environmental impacts. All of the Candidate Build Alternatives would potentially affect historic resources and parklands protected under Section 4(f) of the U.S. Department of Transportation Act of 1966. The Act requires the selection of the Least Overall Harm Alternative, which has been determined to be Alternative 3 Modified (See Section 4.12.1.10 of this Final EA).

Final Environmental Assessment of Broad Branch Road, NW

A dedicated bicycle lane as presented in Candidate Alternative 4 would require an additional 4 feet of paved surface for the length of the proposed roadway corridor. Although there is sufficient DDOT-owned right-of-way along Broad Branch Road north of 27th Street to accommodate the bicycle lane, this is not the case to the south. The widening to accommodate the bicycle lane would require additional acquisition of properties from Rock Creek Park and was not an acceptable proposal to the National Park Service. Although it does not provide a dedicated bicycle lane, Alternative 3 Modified would improve bicyclist safety along Broad Branch Road by improving sight lines, horizontal curves, and stormwater drainage.

```
1 think that the only way that that's going to be
   taken care of is either Alternative 3 or 4.
           So I whole heartedly support Alternatives
   3 or 4. I think the idea of providing for
5 bicycles off the walking path is a good one, and
   I look forward to the opportunity to walk along
   that sidewalk, George, along Broad Branch Road.
   I think that my ability to really appreciate the
   improvements there and the creek will be greatly
   enhanced.
           Final comment. I understand the concerns
11
   about speeding, but I think the speaker from the
   Conservancy rightly said that speeding could be
   dealt with by other measures. That the safest
   thing from speeding from my standpoint is to get
   me off that road and onto a sidewalk or a bicycle
   path where I'm not going to get clobbered by a
18
   car.
19
           Thank you.
            [Applause.]
20
           MR. WALTER: Following Andrew, Steve
```

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Seelig representing Ward3Vision is on deck.

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MR. HUFF: Good evening. I moved to
Washington 5 years ago and lived in Crestwood for
a while, and then I saw a house in Forest Hills.
I just looked at it and thought I'd just see what
it was like, and I decided to move.
        I didn't realize what I would lose is
access to the Park, running in the Park, walking
over to Crestwood, and taking a bike. The only
safe access to the Park from west of the Park is
to get in your car, drive, and find a parking
spot in the lot.
        ATTENDEE: The trail.
        MR. HUFF: The trail is not good access
unless you want to leap across the Park or the
creek.
        But the walking, running, and bicycling
is very unsafe, and I don't recommend it to
anybody.
        The part-way-built Brandywine, I would be
```

interested in those people who think that that's

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an option to see you on a bike going up

Brandywine.

### **Response to Andrew Huff:**

Thank you for your comments.

### Responses to comments:

1. The Preferred Alternative, Alternative 3 Modified, will improve pedestrian access to Rock Creek Park by providing a sidewalk along Broad Branch Road. A dedicated bicycle lane as presented in Candidate Alternative 4 would require an additional 4 feet of paved surface for the length of the proposed roadway corridor. Although there is sufficient DDOT-owned right-of-way along Broad Branch Road north of 27th Street to accommodate the bicycle lane, this is not the case to the south. The widening to accommodate the bicycle lane would require additional acquisition of properties from Rock Creek Park and was not an acceptable proposal to the National Park Service. Although it does not provide a dedicated bicycle lane, Alternative 3 Modified would improve bicyclist safety along Broad Branch Road by improving sight lines, horizontal curves, and stormwater drainage.

```
MR. HUFF: And I'm a bicyclist. It's
   tough. It's guite a workout.
            The best resolution to save the Park is
   to get rid of every single paved surface in the
   Park, but that doesn't really provide enjoyment
   of the Park. And I think that the struggle here
   is a balance. I think we have to provide access
   to those people who are west of the Park.
            Thank you.
            [Applause.]
           MR. WALTER: Start the five for Steve.
   and on deck is Deborah Kavruck.
           I'm sorry. Let me reiterate that. If
   each speaker, as you came up, if you could
   pronounce your name for the court reporter once
   again.
           MR. SEELIG: Well, I am usually not in
   front of a court reporter. I've tried not to --
20
            [Laughter.]
           MR. SEELIG: I am Steve Seelig, and I am
```

from Ward3Vision, and I wanted to talk -- well,

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[Laughter.]

1

## Response to Steve Seelig:

90

Thank you for your comments.

### Responses to comments:

1. The Preferred Alternative, Alternative 3 Modified, will improve pedestrian access to Rock Creek Park by providing a sidewalk along Broad Branch Road. A dedicated bicycle lane as presented in Candidate Alternative 4 would require an additional 4 feet of paved surface for the length of the proposed roadway corridor. Although there is sufficient DDOT-owned right-of-way along Broad Branch Road north of 27th Street to accommodate the bicycle lane, this is not the case to the south. The widening to accommodate the bicycle lane would require additional acquisition of properties from Rock Creek Park and was not an acceptable proposal to the National Park Service. Although it does not provide a dedicated bicycle lane, Alternative 3 Modified would improve bicyclist safety along Broad Branch Road by improving sight lines, horizontal curves, and stormwater drainage.

- 1 let me explain first what Ward3Vision is.
  2 We encourage within the Ward 3 area
- 3 multi-modal living for folks. Multi-modal living
- 4 is a whole lot like this picture here, which not
- s all of you have seen. It's a very beautiful
- 6 picture. People are riding their bikes up the
- 7 hill, which is something you can't do right now
- 8 within Rock Creek Park.
- 9 In fact, I ride my bike out of Rock Creek
- 10 Park, and some of the people who are complaining
- 11 about the traffic and the speeding issues, you're
- I think he same people tend to honk at me as I
- am trying to make my way up this hill, because
- 14 it's a tough hill. It looks like it's a flat
- 15 hill, and a lot of hills do when you are starting
- 16 at the bottom.
- So this is going to substantially improve
- 18 access out of the Park. I think Andrew said
- 19 that. I think some other folks said that, but I
- 20 think the other important part of this -- and I
- 21 will let people look at it -- it was on the piano
- 22 in the back. It's a new picture. I don't think

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```
1 this is posted as part of your guys' thing.
           MR. WALTER: No.
           MR. SEELIG: And you will see on the
   other side -- you will see the sidewalk, and I
   think what's important about this picture is that
6 it shows that without the climbing lane, if you
   only went with Option Number 3, you are going to
   have conflicts on this sidewalk here. See the
   people enjoying themselves? It's a nice day.
   It's sunny. It's beautiful, but the way that
   Option 4 has been designed is dealing with those
   issues.
           So the gentleman who lives on Brandywine
13
   Street who wants to have that nice walk that he
   can't have right now or the people who are hiking
   their way out of Soapstone Creek, who have no way
   of making their way into or out of the park, are
   going to have an option here.
           But I also wanted to talk about -- and
   this gentleman talked about his grandkids. Well,
   I have a 4-year-old boy, and one of the things I
  don't get to do with him is to ride with him into
```

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1	Rock Creek Park. I have a nice trail bike with
2	me, and I can't do it. I don't have access to
3	the Park, so that my son cannot enjoy Rock Creek
4	Park, which is a shame. The only way I can get
5	there is by driving, and so we drive into the
6	Park. I don't want to drive in the Park. I wan
7	to not drive in the Park. I want to take my bik
8	into the Park.
9	So Ward3Vision is in support of Option 4
10	I look forward to hearing from I think we have
11	the folks from ANC-3G who are going to testify.
12	We have the folks from ANC-3E who are going to
13	testify. The other ANC that's abutting is it
14	3D, Tom?
15	ATTENDEE: 3F.
16	MR. SEELIG: 3F. They also voted in
17	favor of a solution that is going to permit you
18	to have this picture. There is support. There
19	is support out there for this alternative, and $\ensuremath{\mathtt{I}}$
20	hope DDOT adopts Number 4.
21	Thanks.

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[Applause.]

22

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MR. WALTER: Following Deborah will be
   Roseanne Jacuzzi.
            MS. KAVRUCK: Hello. I support Option
   Number 2.
            It seems to me that -- of course, I'm a
   walker. I appreciate bikers, but it seems to me
   that the plan to destroy so much for some walkers
   and some bikers is a huge environmentally brutal
   destruction of an environment, and it seems that
   this conversation is taking place in a vacuum.
            I do not hear any mention of the myriad
11
   alternatives for walkers and bikers to enter the
   Park, and one of the thoughts that I had is there
   will be significant renovation on Soapstone with
   the loss of a huge amount of trees, and it seems
   to me that it would be probably a good idea to
   have walkers go down Linnean to Soapstone, which
   is already going to undergo a huge renovation,
   and people could access Beach Drive from
   Soapstone.
           I have not heard any discussion of how
```

many other ways there are to get into the Park.

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### Response to Deborah Kavruck:

Thank you for your comments.

### Responses to comments:

1. The Preferred Alternative, Alternative 3 Modified, is the alternative with the least environmental impacts while meeting the requirements of the District of Columbia's Priority Sidewalk Assurance Act of 2010, which requires the installation of a sidewalk for reconstruction of roadways that are currently lacking sidewalks. Alternative 2 would not meet requirements of the Act throughout the project corridor.

```
Davenport, cross Broad Branch to Grant, and take
Ridge to Beach. That's one idea.
        From my neighborhood -- I live near
Nebraska and Oregon.
        ATTENDEE: Could you repeat that?
        MS. KAVRUCK: Yes. Which part?
        ATTENDEE: Oregon.
        MS. KAVRUCK: I live near Oregon and
Nebraska. There is a road called Bingham which
cuts right through to Beach. There is an
existing path that runs all along Oregon that
cuts east on Military that is fine for walkers
and bikers, and my thought is if bikers don't
want an unpaved path, pave a path for bikers
along Military to Beach. There is a natural
place where there already is a path on the north
```

1 I know them because I use them. You could take

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21 alternatives to getting to the Park, and when you 22 think of what the reality of this renovation for

So these are just three brief

suggestions. I am saying there are many

side of Military.

3 or 4 will mean, it means 17-foot retaining walls, the loss of 400 trees minimum, 465. I consider it a disaster, and I would like to hear some conversation about joining this idea for walkers and bikers with the Soapstone renovation and see if the Department of Water might work with DDOT and whoever to make a bike path. because they are going to destroy that area That sounds like it's just going to happen. 11 Thank you. MR. WALTER: Following Roseanne, Claudia 12 Phelps. 13 MS. JACUZZI: Roseanne Jacuzzi, J-a-c-u-z-z-i. I am very new to D.C., very new to the neighborhood, and very new to this process. I am a runner, a biker, and a walker, so I have used this road extensively, and I realize that it's not safe. There are sections I know that there's not even a place for me to jump off the road when a car is coming by.

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2. Improvements to trails within Soapstone Valley would not contribute to the purpose and need for the rehabilitation of Broad Branch Road and are thus not included in the scope of this project. As discussed in Section 1.6.10 of the Final EA, DC Water is currently preparing NEPA documentation for the rehabilitation or replacement of the existing sanitary sewer system in Soapstone Valley. A Draft EA and Statement of Findings (SOF) were submitted to the National Park Service (NPS) in 2015, followed by a Revised Draft EA in August 2016. A Revised Draft SOF has been resubmitted to NPS for review. The timeframe for release of the EA for public review and a construction schedule have yet to be determined. DDOT will continue to coordinate with DC Water regarding elements of the proposed rehabilitation of Broad Branch Road that could potentially affect the sewer rehabilitation project, including the proposed replacement structure for Soapstone Creek Culvert.

#### Response to Roseanne Jacuzzi:

Thank you for your comments.

### Responses to comments:

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1. As discussed in Sections 2.3 and 4.4 of this Final EA, the Preferred Alternative, Alternative 3 Modified, will improve the safety of motorists, pedestrians, and bicyclists with improvements in sight lines and horizontal curves, the addition of sidewalks and crosswalks, repair of degraded facilities, improved lighting, and stormwater facilities.

the impact footprint of the proposed improvements while meeting the requirements of the District of Columbia's Priority Sidewalk Assurance Act of 2010, which requires the installation of a sidewalk for reconstruction of roadways that are currently lacking sidewalks. As discussed in Section 4.3.8 of the Final EA, the use of architecturally compatible designs and materials for construction of the new retaining walls would maintain the aesthetic quality associated with the rural feel of the roadway and match the rural architectural elements that are characteristic of Rock Creek Park. In addition, tree removal on both sides of the roadway will be limited to the maximum extent possible by minimizing the extent of cut and fill for the proposed improvements. All trees will be protected during construction or replaced according to DDOT's Standard Specifications for Highways and Structures - Section 608 Trees, Shrubs, Vines, and Ground Covers (see Final EA Section 4.1.4).

Final Environmental Assessment of Broad Branch Road, NW

But I am concerned about making changes

that will increase -- I think you mentioned that

it is very much a passthrough. I am very much

opposed to changes that would encourage it to be

used as a passthrough. We don't encourage

passthroughs through other neighborhoods, and I

kind of think of this as a neighborhood road that

we want to preserve.

One of the things I have enjoyed so much

about living in the area is this rural feel of

the area. So I very much would encourage the

least invasive change. I do recognize that the

road does need some improvement, certainly

between Brandywine and Beach, and the road does

need some repair. It is very cracked and

crumbling in a lot of places.

But again, I would encourage nothing more

than Alternative 2. Thank you.

[Applause.]

MR. WALTER: Following Claudia, our

on-deck speaker is Daniel Solomon.

MS. PHELPS: \$29 million. \$34 million.

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2. The Preferred Alternative is designed to address existing safety and stormwater management deficiencies along Broad Branch Road. No vehicle-capacity improvements are proposed. Broad Branch Road will continue to have one 10-ft travel lane in each direction. As noted in Section 2.3 of this Final EA, proposed curbs will provide the additional benefit of traffic calming. 3. The Preferred Alternative, Alternative 3 Modified, minimizes

_	to mention to the first term four to the
2	trouble you? What's the opportunity cost? What
3	else in D.C. could be provided for that cost?
4	Increases in Meals on Wheels? Senior housing?
5	WIC? SNAP? Affordable housing?
6	As a survivor participant of the battle
7	with DDOT over drastic and unacceptable proposed
8	changes to Oregon Avenue almost 3 years ago, I
9	feel as though it's déjà vu all over again. The
10	Broad Branch Environmental Assessment is
11	virtually a carbon copy of the Oregon Avenue
12	project, with the same inappropriate and
13	environmentally destructive suggestions for
14	change, especially change to a rural road that is
15	in an urban setting.
16	There are three points in particular I'd
17	like to emphasize. Of five primary project goal
18	DDOT identified, this Environmental Assessment
19	fails four. First, the Environmental Assessment
20	fails to effectively address previous DDOE and
21	NPS concerns about stormwater runoff. Except for

Alternate 2, it fails to stay within the current

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1 \$37 million. Do those numbers stun you?

#### Response to Claudia Phelps:

Thank you for your comments.

### Responses to comments:

1. As indicated in Section 1.2 of the Final EA, the improvements to Broad Branch Road are needed to address deficiencies in the roadway infrastructure and stormwater management system; the safety of motorists, pedestrians, and bicyclists; and linkages to serve pedestrian and bicycle travel along the roadway itself as well as to the Rock Creek Park trail systems. Such improvements are consistent with DDOT's mission to enhance the quality of life for residents and visitors by ensuring that people, goods, and information move efficiently and safely with minimal adverse impact on residents and the environment.

DDOT identifies and develops the transportation-related projects for the District's Capital Improvement Program (CIP) and the annual Capital Budget. The District's CIP budget goes toward improvements or applicable activities associated with streets, bridges, government facilities, public schools, and recreational projects. The rehabilitation of Broad Branch Road, NW, is included in the District's FY 2019 - 2024 Capital Improvements Plan, as well as the Washington Metropolitan Council of Government's FY 2017-2022 Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) and 2016 Financially Constrained Long-Range Plan (CLRP) for the Metropolitan Washington Region.

2. Similarities indeed exist between the purpose and need for the rehabilitation of Broad Branch Road and that of Oregon Avenue, due to similar infrastructure deficiencies, safety concerns, and system linkage limitations within both project areas. DDOT has coordinated with resource agencies and community stakeholders on both projects to identify concerns and minimize environmental impacts of proposed improvements in compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969.

1	\$37 million. Do those numbers stun you? Do they
2	trouble you? What's the opportunity cost? What
3	else in D.C. could be provided for that cost?
4	Increases in Meals on Wheels? Senior housing?
5	WIC? SNAP? Affordable housing?
6	As a survivor participant of the battle
7	with DDOT over drastic and unacceptable proposed
8	changes to Oregon Avenue almost 3 years ago, I
9	feel as though it's déjà vu all over again. The
10	Broad Branch Environmental Assessment is
11	virtually a carbon copy of the Oregon Avenue
12	project, with the same inappropriate and
13	environmentally destructive suggestions for
14	change, especially change to a rural road that is
15	in an urban setting.
16	There are three points in particular I'd
17	like to emphasize. Of five primary project goal
18	DDOT identified, this Environmental Assessment
19	fails four. First, the Environmental Assessment
20	fails to effectively address previous DDOE and
21	NPS concerns about stormwater runoff. Except for

Alternate 2, it fails to stay within the current

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(responses continued)

- 3. The Preferred Alternative, Alternative 3 Modified, includes features that contribute to each of the project goals identified in Section 1.4 of the Final EA, as follows:
- a. Create a safe facility for all users of the roadway (motorists, pedestrians, bicyclists): The Preferred Alternative will improve the safety of motorists, pedestrians, and bicyclists with improvements in sight lines and horizontal curves, the addition of sidewalks and crosswalks, repair of degraded facilities, improved lighting, and stormwater facilities.
- b. Effectively manage stormwater runoff: The Preferred Alternative incorporates various stormwater management improvements, including perforated stormwater sewers, rain gardens, and water quality catch basins, to address deficiencies in the existing stormwater management systems.
- c. Avoid/minimize use of parklands by staying out of NPS right-of-way to the extent possible: The project has been closely coordinated with the National Park Service to ensure all proposed improvements minimize potential encroachments on Rock Creek Park lands. The parcels of right-of-way to be acquired from NPS are generally less than 1 foot in width and would not alter the function or use of the affected park property (see Section 4.12 of this Final EA for a more detailed description of the potential impacts to this Section 4(f) resource).

trouble you? What's the opportunity cost? What else in D.C. could be provided for that cost? Increases in Meals on Wheels? Senior housing? WIC? SNAP? Affordable housing? As a survivor participant of the battle with DDOT over drastic and unacceptable proposed changes to Oregon Avenue almost 3 years ago, I feel as though it's déjà vu all over again. The Broad Branch Environmental Assessment is virtually a carbon copy of the Oregon Avenue project, with the same inappropriate and environmentally destructive suggestions for change, especially change to a rural road that is in an urban setting. There are three points in particular I'd like to emphasize. Of five primary project goal DDOT identified, this Environmental Assessment fails four. First, the Environmental Assessment fails to effectively address previous DDOE and NPS concerns about stormwater runoff. Except for

Alternate 2, it fails to stay within the current

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\$37 million. Do those numbers stun you? Do they

(responses continued)

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- d. Preserve and protect environmental resources both manmade and natural - and retain the current context of the corridor (i.e. visual aesthetic, using context sensitive solutions in the planning and design phases of the project): The Preferred Alternative minimizes the width of the roadway by utilizing retaining walls and reduced sidewalk widths along portions of the roadway. As discussed in Section 4.3.8 of the Final EA, the use of architecturally compatible designs and materials for construction of the new retaining walls and Soapstone Creek Culvert would maintain the aesthetic quality associated with the rural feel of the roadway and minimize impacts to the character and setting of Rock Creek Park. Tree removal on both sides of the roadway will be limited to the maximum extent possible by minimizing the extent of cut and fill for the proposed improvements. All trees will be protected during construction or replaced according to DDOT's Standard Specifications for Highways and Structures – Section 608 Trees, Shrubs, Vines, and Ground Covers (see Final EA Section 4.1.4).
- e. Provide improved access to Rock Creek Park: The Preferred Alternative, Alternative 3 Modified, will improve pedestrian access to Rock Creek Park by providing a sidewalk along Broad Branch Road.
- f. Utilize environmentally sensitive materials and practices: The retaining walls, sidewalk, and replacement of Soapstone Creek Culvert included in Preferred Alternative would be designed with context sensitive materials to complement the setting of Rock Creek Park and the surrounding area. Proposed stormwater management measures include perforated stormwater sewers, rain and catch basins to reduce stormwater velocity and contribute to improved water quality within and downstream of the project area. A linear rain garden would be incorporated on the west side, between the sidewalk and the roadway, at the north end of the project to incorporate Low Impact Development (LID) techniques into the roadway redesign by reducing the amount of impervious surface in the project area and increasing green space.

1 right-of-way to the extent possible. That was

2 Goal Number 3. It fails to protect environmental

resources, and finally, the EA fails to use

4 environmentally sensitive materials and designs.

5 Second point. This Environmental

6 Assessment proposes extreme and environmentally

destructive alternatives. The EA requires

8 removal, as we heard earlier, between 240 and 465

g trees. We have no identification of how many of

10 those trees are mature trees.

NPS, National Park Service, not to do

acronyms, has been concerned in the past about

DDOT's insensitive approach to tree loss or

14 removals. Alternative 2 is the minimum-width

s alternative that meets the purpose and needs of

this project. Even this plan, though, has 4,400

feet of retaining wall as high as 7 feet on the

18 non-stream site.

19 Alternative 3 requires 6 feet more than

20 the current right-of-way in the middle section

and 10 feet more than the right-of-way from

22 Brandywine to Beach, making that section 44 feet

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4. The Preferred Alternative, Alternative 3 Modified, minimizes the impact footprint of the proposed improvements while meeting the requirements of the District of Columbia's Priority Sidewalk Assurance Act of 2010, which requires the installation of a sidewalk for reconstruction of roadways that are currently lacking sidewalks. The project has been closely coordinated with the National Park Service to ensure all proposed improvements minimize potential encroachments on Rock Creek Park lands. In addition, tree removal on both sides of the roadway will be limited to the maximum extent possible by minimizing the extent of cut and fill for the proposed improvements. All trees will be protected during construction or replaced according to DDOT's Standard Specifications for Highways and Structures - Section 608 Trees, Shrubs, Vines, and Ground Covers (see Final EA Section 4.1.4). As discussed in Section 4.3.8 of the Final EA, use of architecturally compatible designs and materials for construction of the retaining walls would minimize impacts to the character and setting of Rock Creek Park and Broad Branch Road.

have been on that road that I did not feel like I

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was taking my life in my hands.

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### Response to Daniel Solomon:

Thank you for your comments.

#### Responses to comments:

1. Comment noted. The Preferred Alternative, Alternative 3 Modified, is the alternative with the least environmental impacts while meeting the requirements of the District of Columbia's Priority Sidewalk Assurance Act of 2010. All of the Candidate Build Alternatives would potentially affect historic resources and parklands protected under Section 4(f) of the U.S. Department of Transportation Act of 1966. The Act requires the selection of the Least Overall Harm Alternative, which has been determined to Alternative 3 Modified.

bike trails in the country as an urban set of bike trails, and yet almost all of Ward 3 is cut off effectively from being able to use that system. I am quite curious about how many more bikers, how many more commuters we would have if there was a safe way to get from our neighborhood to downtown. I certainly know that I would have been commuting much more had that been available. So I am strongly in favor of Option 4. I am concerned about tree loss. I would like to know how many are mature trees. I know this includes trees of 4 inches or larger. I am not terribly concerned about losing a lot of small trees. I also know the trees on -- and I have always been concerned that the trees on the stream side that National Park Service wouldn't take down, I am sure they were never supposed to be there in the first place. It's obvious that their roots are growing into the retaining wall and has destroyed something that was built during the WPA, and it's a huge loss of a resource.

We have one of the greatest networks of

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(responses continued)

Based on comments received on the EA and subsequent coordination efforts with the affected Sovereign Nations, US State Department, and the National Park Service, Alternative 3 was modified to create the Preferred Alternative. Alternative 3 Modified avoids encroachments upon sovereign nation properties located on the west side of Broad Branch Road. While Alternative 3 Modified would require more right-of-way acquisition within Rock Creek Park than the original Candidate Build Alternative 3, the parcels of right-of-way to be acquired are generally less than 1 foot in width and would not alter the function or use of the affected park property (see Section 4.12 of this Final EA for a more detailed description of the potential impacts to this Section 4(f) resource). In addition, Alternative 3 Modified would have fewer impacts to historic resources, trees, and streams than Candidate Build Alternatives 3 and 4.

Final Environmental Assessment of Broad Branch Road, NW

For the reasons cited above and within this Final EA, a dedicated bicycle lane as presented in Candidate Alternative 4 would require an additional 4 feet of paved surface for the length of the proposed roadway corridor. Although there is sufficient DDOT-owned right-of-way along Broad Branch Road north of 27th Street to accommodate the bicycle lane, this is not the case to the south. The widening to accommodate the bicycle lane would require additional acquisition of properties from Rock Creek Park and was not an acceptable proposal to the National Park Service. Although it does not provide a dedicated bicycle lane, Alternative 3 Modified would improve bicyclist safety along Broad Branch Road by improving sight lines, horizontal curves, and stormwater drainage.

2. As indicated in Section 4.1.4 of the Final EA, tree removal will be limited to the maximum extent possible by minimizing the extent of cut and fill for the proposed improvements. All trees will be protected during construction or replaced according to DDOT's Standard Specifications for Highways and Structures -Section 608 Trees, Shrubs, Vines, and Ground Covers. As discussed in Sections 4.2.2 and 4.2.3 of the Final EA, some historic retaining wall segments will be restored and stabilized or removed and replaced with architecturally compatible designs and materials.

And finally, I appreciate the concept of a country road. I want to point out we are in a city of 630,000 people, surrounded by a region of several million. It should feel like a road that can get us -- or a path or a way to get into this magnificent Park, and that's what I want to see. This is the second largest urban park, I believe, in the nation. Let's figure out a way that people can get in and use it and enjoy it and enjoy the environment. And my kids, I expected -- I was 13 when I first started riding on that road. I was hoping that by the time my kids were 13 that they would be able to start using this. Unfortunately, my kids are now 12, and I can see that 36 months later -- hopefully, we'll do Option 4 -- they are not going to be able to use this until they go off to college, but I hope that other people who are here and when other kids come back and have their kids that there will be a way to ride into Rock Creek Park.

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Thank you.

3. The Preferred Alternative, Alternative 3 Modified, will improve pedestrian access to Rock Creek Park by providing a sidewalk along Broad Branch Road. As noted above, Alternative 3 Modified was determined to be the Least Overall Harm Alternative in compliance with Section 4(f). Additional widening to accommodate the bicycle lane would require additional acquisition of properties from Rock Creek Park and was not an acceptable proposal to the National Park Service. Although it does not provide a dedicated bicycle lane, Alternative 3 Modified would improve bicyclist safety along Broad Branch Road by improving sight lines, horizontal curves, and stormwater drainage.

1	[Applause.]
2	MR. WALTER: Our next speaker is Jim
3	McCarthy.
4	[No audible response.]
5	MR. WALTER: Jim has already left.
6	That brings Mary Beth Ray, and on deck
7	will be Michael [sic] Wolin.
8	MS. RAY: Good evening. My name is Marty
9	Beth Ray. I live on 29th Street, and I am the
10	Commissioner for ANC 3F3. Most of my
11	single-member district most of this project
12	takes place in my single-member district.
13	I would like to start by commending DDOT.
14	I think that you all have done a fantastic job of
15	pulling together a number of different
16	perspectives and covering a variety of issues,
17	and I think you have done a great job of putting
18	together this report.
19	I really wanted to find Option 5. That
20	was my goal, and I walk this path every I am
21	down in Soapstone every day. I am down in Rock
22	Creek Park every day, and I have really tried to
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# Response to Marty Beth Ray:

Thank you for your comments.

## Responses to comments:

- 1. Thank you for your commendation.
- 2. A dedicated bicycle lane would require an additional 4 feet of paved surface for the length of the proposed roadway corridor. Although there is sufficient DDOT-owned right-of-way along Broad Branch Road north of 27th Street to accommodate the bicycle lane, this is not the case to the south. The widening to accommodate the bicycle lane would require additional acquisition of properties from Rock Creek Park and was not an acceptable proposal to the National Park Service.

Although it does not provide a dedicated bicycle lane, Alternative 3 Modified would improve access to Rock Creek Park and enhance safety for pedestrians, cyclists, and motorists by providing a sidewalk and improving sight lines and horizontal curves along Broad Branch Road.

find a fifth option. One thought that we had, Commissioner Summersgill and I and several other constituents, was instead of going down Brandywine, to make Albemarle the path down to the Park, and where the road ends, to have a series of docks and steps with bike ramps on both sides, so that bikes could go down one side and up the other side. We would still have to complete the path from the end of -- or where Albemarle meets Broad Branch, all the way around. Sadly, I think it was probably too late 12 when we came up with that idea. So the ANC 3F has discussed this. I think we all support improved access to the Park for pedestrians and cyclists. We passed a resolution unanimously supporting improved pedestrian and cycling access into Rock Creek Park. As a practical matter, I think only Option 4 addresses that concern. I think there are five important reasons

to support Option 4: improving access to Rock

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3. Comment noted. The Preferred Alternative, Alternative 3 Modified, is the alternative with the least environmental impacts while meeting the requirements of the District of Columbia's Priority Sidewalk Assurance Act of 2010. All of the Candidate Build Alternatives would potentially affect historic resources and parklands protected under Section 4(f) of the U.S. Department of Transportation Act of 1966. The Act requires the selection of the Least Overall Harm Alternative, which has been determined to Alternative 3 Modified.

Based on comments received on the EA and subsequent coordination efforts with the affected Sovereign Nations, US State Department, and the National Park Service, Alternative 3 was modified to create the Preferred Alternative. Alternative 3 Modified avoids encroachments upon sovereign nation properties located on the west side of Broad Branch Road. While Alternative 3 Modified would require more right-of-way acquisition within Rock Creek Park than the original Candidate Build Alternative 3, the parcels of right-of-way to be acquired are generally less than 1 foot in width and would not alter the function or use of the affected park property (see Section 4.12 of this Final EA for a more detailed description of the potential impacts to this Section 4(f) resource). In addition, Alternative 3 Modified would have fewer impacts to historic resources, trees, and streams than Candidate Build Alternatives 3 and 4.

For the reasons cited above and within this Final EA, a dedicated bicycle lane as presented in Candidate Alternative 4 would require an additional 4 feet of paved surface for the length of the proposed roadway corridor. Although there is sufficient DDOT-owned right-of-way along Broad Branch Road north of 27th Street to accommodate the bicycle lane, this is not the case to the south. The widening to accommodate the bicycle lane would require additional acquisition of properties from Rock Creek Park and was not an acceptable proposal to the National Park Service.

1	Creek Park; enhancing safety for pedestrians,
2	cyclists, and motorists; improving stormwater
3	management; preventing erosion and future tree
4	loss because of erosion; encouraging Maryland and
5	D.C. commuters to cycle to work.
6	But I also have five concerns. Several
7	people have mentioned Soapstone. George Clark
8	and David Bardin, Marjorie Share, other
9	constituents and I and some other Sally
10	Gresham and Bob Summersgill, Denise Warner we
11	have been working with D.C. Water, and I am happy
12	to say that we actually have in writing that they
13	are going to limit the number of trees that they
14	take down in Soapstone to 80. Now, that's 80 too
15	many for most people in this room, but that's a
16	considerable improvement over the 400 trees that
17	they were originally talking about taking down.
18	But to a point made earlier, I do think
19	that we need to use this opportunity to
20	coordinate action in the District. DDOT, DDOE,

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D.C. Water, and Pepco, let's bury those unsightly

lines.

(responses continued)

Although it does not provide a dedicated bicycle lane, Alternative 3 Modified would improve access to Rock Creek Park and enhance safety for pedestrians, cyclists, and motorists by providing a sidewalk and improving sight lines and horizontal curves along Broad Branch Road. The Preferred Alternative would improve stormwater management and reduce erosion and associated tree loss by incorporating various stormwater management improvements, including perforated stormwater sewers, rain gardens, and water quality catch basins.

Final Environmental Assessment of Broad Branch Road, NW

- 4. Comment noted.
- 5. DDOT will continue to coordinate with DC Water, PEPCO and other utility companies regarding utility relocations or replacements during the project's design phase and construction phases. Undergrounding of overhead lines is not within the scope of this project.

Shrubs, Vines, and Ground Covers.

6. As indicated in Section 4.1.4 of the Final EA, tree removal on

both sides of the roadway will be designed to be compatible with the roadway setting – see renderings presented in Figures 2-4, 2-5 and 2-6. The higher walls are located on the west side of the roadway and are intended to minimize encroachment outside the DDOT-owned right-of-way and to limit cutting and clearing. Walls on the east side of the roadway will be designed to maintain slope integrity for safety purposes and still provide

7. As described in Section 2.3 of the Final EA, retaining walls on views of areas to the east from the new sidewalks. The walls are not expected to interrupt views of Rock Creek Park from residences located on the elevated slopes on the west side of the roadway.

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MS. RAY: Number two, can we minimize the

tree removal? Yes, as Daniel points out, some of

those trees are only 4 inches in diameter. Some

of those trees are precariously close to the

roadway, and maybe they should be taken out for

safety reasons, but with those considerations,

let's do limit the number of trees where we can.

the tree removal.

Number three, can we lower some of the

retaining walls? In reading through -- I haven't

seen the renderings, and I am looking forward to

looking at those renderings, but George talked

about a 17-foot retaining wall. My understanding

is that for pedestrians, cyclists, and motorists,

driving down Broad Branch, even with the

retaining walls, that the highest retaining wall

on the east side would be 3-1/2 feet above grade,

so that would not obstruct a view into Rock Creek

Park, according to the report.

ATTENDEE: Just look at the map back 21

there.

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Final Environmental Assessment of Broad Branch Road, NW

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MS. RAY: Okay. I am quoting from the
report, which is all I can --
        ATTENDEE: But the other slide does say
17 feet -- 13 to 16, actually.
        ATTENDEE: So above ground 6 or 7 feet.
        MS. RAY: Yeah. There are places where
the above-grade would be 6 or 7 feet, and I think
we should -- I would like to talk to DDOE and
understand why those need to be so high. Is it
possible to lower those walls?
        Number four, can we partner with
adjoining land owners and the embassies,
particularly Italy and Malaysia, who will be most
affected by this, and come to a positive
resolution where all parties are happy? I'm sure
the State Department will be involved with the
embassies, but hopefully, there is an opportunity
for particularly the embassies to really do the
right thing and use this as an opportunity.
        I know the previous Italian Ambassador
had young twins, and he was frustrated that his
kids couldn't access the park on bikes.
```

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8. DDOT continued to coordinate with the Sovereign Nations regarding potential impacts to their lands following public distribution of the EA in October 2013. Widening to accommodate a bicycle lane would require acquisition of sovereign nation lands or additional acquisition of National Park Service lands, which was not an acceptable proposal to the Sovereign Nations or National Park Service. Based on comments received on the EA and subsequent coordination efforts with the affected Sovereign Nations, US State Department, and the National Park Service, Alternative 3 was modified to create the Preferred Alternative. Alternative 3 Modified avoids encroachments upon the sovereign nation properties located on the west side of Broad Branch Road.

10

```
Number five, can we incorporate pervious
   pavement, in particular, for the sidewalk and the
   bike path? I think we have a wonderful
   opportunity to use pervious rather than
   impervious pavement, and Flexi-Pave is a great
   texture. Hopefully, there are other pavements
   that can be considered that will allow more
   stormwater to fall through.
            Finally, I see the stop sign.
            We bought our house 11 years ago with the
   thought that we were so close to the park, and
   our children -- and that we would be riding down
   into the park every day, and I'm sorry to say
   it's just a case of being so close and yet so
   far. We can't get in safely, and I hope we can
   improve that access.
            Thank you very much.
17
            [Applause.]
18
19
            MR. WALTER:
                        On deck is Edward Galiber.
            MS. WOLIN: Hi. My name is Michele
20
   Wolin, and I live on the other side of Nebraska
```

on Jenifer Street, and I have, I guess, a

- 9. The Preferred Alternative would result in an estimated 80,176 square feet increased impervious surface a 3% reduction of the impervious surface based on design refinements to the original Alternative 3 (see Table 4-1 of the Final EA). As discussed in Section 4.1.2, the proposed stormwater sewer would include perforations that would allow for some of the stormwater to naturally infiltrate as it travels through the culverts. This type of system, combined with the proposed rain gardens, would improve upon existing conditions by compensating for some of the impervious surfaces and allowing for groundwater regeneration closer to historic volumes. The use of alternative pavement types, including pervious pavements, will be considered during the project's final design. All such designs much be consistent with DDOT's standard specifications.
- 10. As noted above, the Preferred Alternative would improve access to Rock Creek Park and enhance safety for pedestrians, cyclists, and motorists by providing a sidewalk and improving sight lines and horizontal curves along Broad Branch Road.

- 1 slightly different perspective on all this.
- I go down to the Park almost every
- weekend to walk along Beach Drive when it's
- 4 closed. I used to ride my bike along there, and
- 5 yeah, I take my car and I park in the lot.
- But I have to say, to me, it is worth it.
- I would rather be a little inconvenienced. I
- 8 wish I didn't have to get in my car, but it's
- 9 worth it to me to save 200 trees or 400 trees.
- To me, that is a resource that is way more
- in important than my convenience. And so that's
- where I would come out on this, and again, I use
- 13 the Park constantly.
- A few other points I want to bring up,
- 15 this sidewalk, if you do a sidewalk all the way
- down, I am honestly not sure how used it would
- be. I mean, I think maybe some people would use
- 18 it on the weekend. During the week, not so much.
- 19 You know, there just isn't that much population,
- 20 and the population that is way beyond, it is
- really far for them to go another 1.5 miles into
- where Beach Drive is and then walk another, you

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## Response to Michele Wolin:

Thank you for your comments.

#### Responses to comments:

1. Comment noted. The Preferred Alternative, Alternative 3 Modified, is the alternative with the least environmental impacts while meeting the requirements of the District of Columbia's Priority Sidewalk Assurance Act of 2010, which requires the installation of a sidewalk for reconstruction of roadways that are currently lacking sidewalks.

As indicated in Section 4.1.4 of the Final EA, tree removal on both sides of the roadway will be limited to the maximum extent possible by minimizing the extent of cut and fill for the proposed improvements. All trees will be protected during construction or replaced according to DDOT's Standard Specifications for Highways and Structures – Section 608 Trees, Shrubs, Vines, and Ground Covers.

```
kids.
            Actually, if you had to go with one of
   these, maybe just a bike lane instead of a
   sidewalk and a bike lane, but aside from that --
   but the Brandywine issue, I understand what you
   are saying. Someone said, "Hey, have you ever
   tried to bike up that?" I hear you. It's a huge
   hill, very steep. Again, personal convenience.
   I am fine. I'm not macho. If I come to a big
   hill, I will get off my bike and walk.
            [Laughter.]
12
            MS. WOLIN: And I would rather do that
   than lose all these trees. I mean, it's not even
15
            [Applause.]
16
           MS. WOLIN: I can't even conceive saying
   just I want it to be the most convenient, the
   fastest, whatever. No. The trees are every bit
   as important, and they help with storm runoff.
           And your Option 5, I love the idea of
   that. I don't know why it's too late, but again,
```

1 know, 3 miles up there, especially people with

2. Based on comments received on the EA and subsequent coordination efforts with the affected Sovereign Nations, US State Department, and the National Park Service, Alternative 3 was modified to create the Preferred Alternative. Alternative 3 Modified avoids encroachments upon all sovereign nation properties located on the west side of Broad Branch Road.

A dedicated bicycle lane as presented in Candidate Alternative 4 would require an additional 4 feet of paved surface for the length of the proposed roadway corridor. Although there is sufficient DDOT-owned right-of-way along Broad Branch Road north of 27th Street to accommodate the bicycle lane, this is not the case to the south. The widening to accommodate the bicycle lane would require additional acquisition of properties from Rock Creek Park and was not an acceptable proposal to the National Park Service.

Although it does not provide a dedicated bicycle lane, Alternative 3 Modified would improve access to Rock Creek Park and enhance safety for pedestrians, cyclists, and motorists by providing a sidewalk and improving sight lines and horizontal curves along Broad Branch Road.

```
2 you. People can bike. They can walk through
3 Linnean. I know Brandywine is a pain, but it's
4 not that big. It can be done. So if people are
5 insisting on better access, let's just do it from
  Brandywine down to Beach Drive. We will save,
7 I'm sure, tons of trees, and that is totally
   worth it to me.
           You know, Linnean is -- again, I think it
   would be a lot more pleasant than going by Broad
   Branch, the road, with all these cars whizzing
   by, so that's just my view.
           All right, thanks.
13
14
            [Applause.]
           MR. WALTER: Edward.
           MR. GALIBER: Yeah.
17
           MR. WALTER: Okay. And on deck, we have
   Jack McKay.
           MR. GALIBER: Good evening. Edward
   Galiber. I'm a native Washingtonian. I've lived
   in this area since '62, currently live at 1742
22 Holly Street.
```

1 if we have to do something, I would strongly urge

```
There is a book out called "Acres of
Diamonds, " and it's about people that thought
they were going to have riches and moved, and
riches were discovered right in their yard.
        We could progress our way out of riches
with changing this, and what I want to offer to
you all, the concept of unintended consequences.
        There are commercials out right now that
are very funny about somebody thinking of a good
idea and then saying, "Oh, my God, I don't think
that would be good."
        Over by my neighborhood, I live -- my
yard backs up to Rock Creek Park. West Beach
Drive, the Lowell School, we did a study when
Lowell School was coming in. 1,500 cars a day
were going up Kalmia Road. 3,500 cars a day come
up my street, back up 17th Street. The
unintended consequences of making this road
better, I'm going to tell you, is going to be
more traffic.
        We have sidewalks going up West Beach
```

Drive. We have sidewalks all the way down. The

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## Response to Edward Galiber:

Thank you for your comments.

## Responses to comments:

 The Preferred Alternative is designed to address existing safety and stormwater management deficiencies along Broad Branch Road. No vehicle-capacity improvements are proposed. Broad Branch Road will continue to have one 10-ft travel lane in each direction. As noted in Section 2.3 of this Final EA, proposed curbs will provide the additional benefit of traffic calming.

1	unintended	consequence	is	more	traffic.	There
---	------------	-------------	----	------	----------	-------

- are not pedestrians, okay?
- So I would have you study some precedent
- about where this has been done before, and look
- at that as you make the decisions about what gets
- done here. The unintended consequence is going
- to possibly be worse.
- I'm a bike rider. I rode to Howard
- University every day. I rode all over
- California. I am a bike rider. I would still
- like to ride. What I would encourage some of the
- energy to do -- and I just offer a different
- solution for how do we change behavior. We close
- the Park up there from Beach Drive, from West
- Beach all the way down to the ford, okay?
- Consider putting the weight behind closing Broad
- Branch at the same time.
- ATTENDEE: That would be great. 18
- 19 MR. GALIBER: Close it, so that there is
- a precedent that this is our street, that we
- close this and we own it. Put that weight there,
- and add that to the pedestrian, you know, bicycle

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2. The purpose and need for the proposed improvements stem from deficiencies in the existing roadway infrastructure and stormwater management system, rather than a lack of utility for vehicular use. A number of residences, community facilities, and sovereign nations properties can only be accessed from Broad Branch Road, therefore, complete closure of the roadway would not be practicable. As discussed in Section 2.4 of the Final EA, closure of Broad Branch Road to vehicles in one direction was considered, but eliminated due to potential lengthy, circuitous travel for autos.

```
consequences.
           God bless.
            [Applause.]
           MR. WALTER: Following Jack, on deck will
   be Tom Quinn representing ANC 3.
           MR. McKAY: I am Jack McKay, and I am
   from Mount Pleasant, and you ask why in Mount
   Pleasant do I care about what's going on, on
   Broad Branch? The answer is -- what's not
   mentioned here -- is that Broad Branch begins
   right where the bike path in Rock Creek Park
   ends.
13
           I ride that bike path every day, and I am
   71 years old, and I still ride it every day. And
   I stop at Broad Branch, because there is just no
   way I am going to take my bicycle on Broad Branch
   Road. It is extremely bicycle-hostile, and the
   Alternatives 2 and 3 will continue to be
   bicycle-hostile.
           It is only Alternative 4 that really
   makes that accessible to bicyclists, and that
```

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ownership, and watch what you do in terms of

## Response to Jack McKay:

Thank you for your comments.

## Responses to comments:

1. Comment noted. The Preferred Alternative, Alternative 3 Modified, is the alternative with the least environmental impacts while meeting the requirements of the District of Columbia's Priority Sidewalk Assurance Act of 2010. All of the Candidate Build Alternatives would potentially affect historic resources and parklands protected under Section 4(f) of the U.S. Department of Transportation Act of 1966. The Act requires the selection of the Least Overall Harm Alternative, which has been determined to Alternative 3 Modified.

```
we could have -- take our bicycles up there and
   enjoy that beautiful road on bicycles or on foot.
   Whereas, today you can't do either. It would be
   a terrible shame to miss this opportunity to open
   up that road to bicyclists, not just for people
   who live nearby, but for us down south as well.
            What this would do is it would add a mile
   and a half to the existing bike path through Rock
   Creek Park. That would be a feeder route for
   bicycle commuters onto the Rock Creek Park bike
   path going downtown. It would be a tremendous
   enhancement to bicycle commuting in the District
   of Columbia, which is something we want to
   encourage to try to get cars off the road, and we
   also want to get the bicycles off Connecticut
   Avenue and on to roads, places where that is
   specific lanes for them.
19
           This is a wonderful opportunity if we
   will take it now, and if we miss it, it will be
   gone forever.
```

Let's take Alternative 4, please. Thank

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means to Mount Pleasanters too. That means that

(responses continued)

For the reasons cited above and within this Final EA, a dedicated bicycle lane as presented in Candidate Alternative 4 would require an additional 4 feet of paved surface for the length of the proposed roadway corridor. Although there is sufficient DDOT-owned right-of-way along Broad Branch Road north of 27th Street to accommodate the bicycle lane, this is not the case to the south. The widening to accommodate the bicycle lane would require additional acquisition of properties from Rock Creek Park and was not an acceptable proposal to the National Park Service. Although it does not provide a dedicated bicycle lane, Alternative 3 Modified would improve bicyclist safety along Broad Branch Road by improving sight lines, horizontal curves, and stormwater drainage.

```
[Applause.]
        MR. WALTER: And on deck after Tom will
be Kelle Bevine.
        MR. QUINN: Good evening. My name is Tom
Quinn. I am an Advisory Neighborhood
Commissioner in 3E, and I am here to testify on
behalf of Advisory Neighborhood Commission 3E.
        We unanimously voted to support
Alternative 4 at its properly noticed meeting on
May 9th, 2013.
        Over the last year, ANC 3E has been
positively engaged on both bicycle infrastructure
and pedestrian safety initiatives, and
Alternative 4 is the only one of the four
proposals that adequately addresses these two
issues.
        Although ANC 3E does not border Rock
```

Creek Park and is less than 2 miles from the

walk into Rock Creek Park.

Park's boundaries, at the current time, there is

neither a safe nor direct way to ride a bike or

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you.

## Response to Tom Quinn:

116

Thank you for your comments.

#### Responses to comments:

1. Comment noted. The Preferred Alternative, Alternative 3 Modified, is the alternative with the least environmental impacts while meeting the requirements of the District of Columbia's Priority Sidewalk Assurance Act of 2010. All of the Candidate Build Alternatives would require impacts to historic resources and parklands protected under Section 4(f) of the U.S. Department of Transportation Act of 1966. The Act requires the selection of the Least Overall Harm Alternative, which has been determined to Alternative 3 Modified.

1	but our ANC scrongry supports mayor
2	Gray's Sustainable D.C. Initiative, which seeks
3	to reduce reliance on automobiles and expand the
4	provision of safe and secure infrastructure for
5	cyclists and pedestrians, with a goal to increase
6	biking and walking to 25 percent of all commuter
7	trips.
8	To that end, ANC 3E, after collaborating
9	with DDOT, recently unanimously supported a
10	neighborhood bikeway on Jenifer Street, N.W.,
11	between Friendship Heights and the intersection
12	of Nebraska and Jenifer Streets, which will
13	terminate about 800 feet from the proposed end of
14	the Broad Branch Road rebuild at Linnean Street,
15	and we were pleased that ANC 3F also unanimously
16	supported the same proposal.
17	Additionally, across the line in
18	Montgomery County, plans have recently been
19	finalized to add a multi-use trail to the eastern
20	side of Wisconsin Avenue between Friendship
21	Heights and Bethesda, which will also be able to

accommodate cyclists. These two pieces of

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(responses continued)

For the reasons cited above and within this Final EA, a dedicated bicycle lane as presented in Candidate Alternative 4 would require an additional 4 feet of paved surface for the length of the proposed roadway corridor. Although there is sufficient DDOT-owned right-of-way along Broad Branch Road north of 27th Street to accommodate the bicycle lane, this is not the case to the south. The widening to accommodate the bicycle lane would require additional acquisition of properties from Rock Creek Park and was not an acceptable proposal to the National Park Service. Although it does not provide a dedicated bicycle lane, Alternative 3 Modified would improve bicyclist safety along Broad Branch Road by improving sight lines, horizontal curves, and stormwater drainage.

```
4 will create a connected system of on-street
3 bicycle infrastructure between Downtown Bethesda
   and the Georgetown Branch of the Capital Crescent
5 Trail to Friendship Heights, Chevy Chase and down
   to Rock Creek Park, and all the points to the
   south.
           We also believe it is critically
   important that the new roadway construction
   include safe accommodations for pedestrians and
   the current condition of Broad Branch Road
   provides no pedestrian access from Chevy Chase to
   Rock Creek Park.
            While cycling is currently allowed on
   Broad Branch, the current road is narrow with no
   shoulders and full of curves. The most
   significant for cars and cyclists is the
   significant grade difference, which causes
   cyclists to climb out of the Park very slowly,
   while cars stack up behind them, forced to
   patiently wait or make a passing attempt that
22 endangers the cyclist and the driver who has to
```

1 bicycle infrastructure combined with Alternative

Final Environmental Assessment of Broad Branch Road, NW

2	lines.
3	For these reasons, ANC 3E supports
4	Alternative 4 because it separates pedestrians
5	from cyclists and from automobiles, making all
6	three modes safer and less stressful, which in
7	turn should greatly increase accessibility to
8	Rock Creek Park, particularly for users of
9	non-automotive means, which should greatly
0	increase the utilization of the Park, which has
1	very limited parking and no transit access in the $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) $
2	northern part of the city.
3	We are pleased that ANC 3/4G has joined
4	us in supporting Alternative 4, and that ANC 3F
5	also passed a resolution in favor of the Broad
6	Branch Road reconstruction that provides safe
7	access to Rock Creek Park on bicycle or foot,
8	which is only accomplished with Alternative 4.
9	And many thanks to DDOT for this
0	exhaustive Environmental Assessment and for the
1	opportunity to speak tonight. Thank you.
2	[Applause.]

1 enter oncoming traffic on a road with poor sight

```
MR. WALTER: And following Kelle will be
Peter "Hall" or "Hallee"? Peter, I apologize. I
will get the "Peter" part right.
        MS. BEVINE: Hi. Good evening. My name
is Kelle Bevine. I live on the 2800 block of
Albemarle. I liked that suggestion about just
cutting right through. That would be awesome,
but since that's not on the table, I decided to
speak up tonight in favor -- well, I am in favor
of Option 4, but I decided to speak up in favor
of it for two reasons.
        First, as a profession, in my
professional life, I am involved in financing a
lot of climate change and adaptation projects in
Latin America and the Caribbean, and for all the
folks who are really concerned about the trees, a
big part of the climate agenda is really
long-term sustainability and adaptation measures
```

to make sure that our environment stays healthy

and protected. And I think the plan set forth

for Option 4 does anticipate that, and it has

vision for the future of the city.

# Response to Kelle Bevine:

120

Thank you for your comments.

## Responses to comments:

1. Comment noted. The Preferred Alternative, Alternative 3 Modified, is the alternative with the least environmental impacts while meeting the requirements of the District of Columbia's Priority Sidewalk Assurance Act of 2010. All of the Candidate Build Alternatives would require impacts to historic resources and parklands protected under Section 4(f) of the U.S. Department of Transportation Act of 1966. The Act requires the selection of the Least Overall Harm Alternative, which has been determined to Alternative 3 Modified.

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I mean, D.C. often gets ranked as one of the most livable cities in the country, and part of that is because we have access to great parks, and we have, hopefully, more and more bike-friendly passages. I ride that rode home from work between the -- where is it? -- Beach Drive or Rock Creek Park and the Brandywine turn there, and if there is a bicycler there and you are being polite and you are not honking, you are waiting, there is still somebody who might come from the other direction who is going to come on and potentially hit you right head on. So that's the first element of why I want to support it. But the second and most important element 15 is as a mom. I've got two young girls, as Daniel said with his kids, and unless we pole-vault over the property there between the Italian and Malaysian Embassy, we cannot get those kids, ages 7 and 10, from our house, which is probably less than half-a-mile, to the entry of Beach Drive on

the weekends, when it's beautiful, it's closed, OLENDER REPORTING, INC. 1100 Connecticut Avenue NW, #810, Washington, DC 20036 Washington: 202-898-1108 • Baltimore: 410-752-3376 Toll Free: 888-445-3376

(responses continued)

For the reasons cited above and within this Final EA, a dedicated bicycle lane as presented in Candidate Alternative 4 would require an additional 4 feet of paved surface for the length of the proposed roadway corridor. Although there is sufficient DDOT-owned right-of-way along Broad Branch Road north of 27th Street to accommodate the bicycle lane, this is not the case to the south. The widening to accommodate the bicycle lane would require additional acquisition of properties from Rock Creek Park and was not an acceptable proposal to the National Park Service. Although it does not provide a dedicated bicycle lane, Alternative 3 Modified would improve bicyclist safety along Broad Branch Road by improving sight lines, horizontal curves, and stormwater drainage.

Final Environmental Assessment of Broad Branch Road, NW

```
1 it's a beautiful day. And you have to say,
   "Well, gee, we can't fit all four bikes in the
   car to get down to park in that tiny lot that
   has" -- you know, is packed on the weekends, so,
   you know --
           ATTENDEE: Is there an easement there?
           MS. BEVINE: Sorry?
           ATTENDEE: Is there an easement between
   Rock Creek and the two embassy properties?
           ATTENDEE: Yes. It's a DDOT --
10
11
           MS. BEVINE: Oh, that, I don't know.
            [Simultaneous speaking.]
12
           MS. BEVINE: No, it is blocked off with a
13
   barrier, but maybe there is a right-of-way. I
   have no idea.
           So I encourage us to make a long-term
16
   visionary decision for the city and for our
   neighborhood in particular, because my kids, as
   we said, may not get to benefit because it is
   going to take a longer time to put into place.
   But going forward, all of the residents in this
  beautiful neighborhood will have access finally
```

```
to our beautiful Park.
            Thank you.
            [Applause.]
            MR. WALTER: Okay. Following Peter,
   there will be a representative from the Crestwood
   League. I apologize. I won't butcher your name.
            MR. HALLE: I am Peter Halle. I live in
   this neighborhood, and I've lived here about 25
   years, and nobody I think can be more impacted by
   these proposals than I and my neighbors, as I
   live right on the Park. I live -- overlook Broad
   Branch Road.
13
           And I wish that this proposal had been
   suggested 25 years ago when I moved to this
   neighborhood.
15
           My kids are old enough to drive, and they
16
   will never have the pleasure of walking safely or
   biking safely, at least as kids, on Broad Branch
   Road. That road is a barrier. I can look over
   the road. I can enjoy the Park from my back
   yard, but I have never been able to walk safely
   on that road or bike safely on that road, and
```

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## Response to Peter Halle:

Thank you for your comments.

## Responses to comments:

1. Comment noted. The Preferred Alternative, Alternative 3 Modified, is the alternative with the least environmental impacts while meeting the requirements of the District of Columbia's Priority Sidewalk Assurance Act of 2010. All of the Candidate Build Alternatives would require impacts to historic resources and parklands protected under Section 4(f) of the U.S. Department of Transportation Act of 1966. The Act requires the selection of the Least Overall Harm Alternative, which has been determined to Alternative 3 Modified.

Final Environmental Assessment of Broad Branch Road, NW

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neighbors would do on a regular basis.
            That Park is a beautiful place, and it's
   a beautiful place that can be observed without
   even going into it, and so I think that
   Alternative 4 is an alternative that gives great
   public benefits.
            I haven't heard in the discussion of the
   environment tonight the people. We are part of
   this environment, and I think that Alternative 4
   and the opening of Broad Branch Road to human
   beings, not just to cars with human beings in
   them, would be a terrific, positive step forward.
            And I commend DDOT and the contractors
   for dreaming this up, thinking about it
   carefully, and giving us this alternative, and I
   hope it's built.
            Thank you.
18
19
            [Applause.]
            MR. WALTER: Following Mr. Baskerville,
   on deck will be Suzanne McOueen.
            MR. BASKERVILLE: Good afternoon,
```

1 it's something that I and I think many of my

(responses continued)

For the reasons cited above and within this Final EA, a dedicated bicycle lane as presented in Candidate Alternative 4 would require an additional 4 feet of paved surface for the length of the proposed roadway corridor. Although there is sufficient DDOT-owned right-of-way along Broad Branch Road north of 27th Street to accommodate the bicycle lane, this is not the case to the south. The widening to accommodate the bicycle lane would require additional acquisition of properties from Rock Creek Park and was not an acceptable proposal to the National Park Service. Although it does not provide a dedicated bicycle lane, Alternative 3 Modified would improve bicyclist safety along Broad Branch Road by improving sight lines, horizontal curves, and stormwater drainage.

- 2 Crestwood Neighborhood League, and I've been a
- member of the neighborhood for the last 22 years.
- 4 I live right up the street from where Blagden and
- 5 Beach Drive comes together.
- Right now, our comment is mostly -- well,
- my comment personally, but then I will get to the
- 8 neighborhood -- is the fact that I'm a biker, and
- 9 I've been a biker for the last 32 years, just
- 10 kind of starting, and then from that, it grew as
- other neighbors and friends started. And I'm
- 12 riding with three different groups, and we use
- 13 Broad Branch Road a lot to get out of town,
- 14 because there's too much traffic in town.
- Going out is pretty easy for us, because
- we kind of travel at about 20, 22 miles per hour.
- 17 It's not that bad, but sometime when we are going
- 18 out that direction, we are following families
- 19 with small ones along the road, which is pretty
- 20 dangerous.
- I appreciate the fact that the Park
- 22 Service has included Option 4 with all the

125

## Response to Louis Baskerville:

Thank you for your comments.

## Responses to comments:

1. Comment noted. The Preferred Alternative, Alternative 3 Modified, is the alternative with the least environmental impacts while meeting the requirements of the District of Columbia's Priority Sidewalk Assurance Act of 2010. All of the Candidate Build Alternatives would require impacts to historic resources and parklands protected under Section 4(f) of the U.S. Department of Transportation Act of 1966. The Act requires the selection of the Least Overall Harm Alternative, which has been determined to Alternative 3 Modified.

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For the reasons cited above and within this Final EA, a dedicated bicycle lane as presented in Candidate Alternative 4 would require an additional 4 feet of paved surface for the length of the proposed roadway corridor. Although there is sufficient DDOT-owned right-of-way along Broad Branch Road north of 27th Street to accommodate the bicycle lane, this is not the case to the south. The widening to accommodate the bicycle lane would require additional acquisition of properties from Rock Creek Park and was not an acceptable proposal to the National Park Service. Although it does not provide a dedicated bicycle lane, Alternative 3 Modified would improve bicyclist safety along Broad Branch Road by improving sight

Public Hearing

Comments and Responses

you know, things like that, harassing us. If we OLENDER REPORTING, INC. 1100 Connecticut Avenue NW, #810, Washington, DC 20036 Washington: 202-898-1108 • Baltimore: 410-752-3376 Toll Free: 888-445-3376

lines, horizontal curves, and stormwater drainage.

Final Environmental Assessment of Broad Branch Road, NW

```
1 make a left at Tilden to go up to Adams Morgan,
2 it is very dangerous, because cars are going all
3 kinds of direction at that intersection.
            So I think a lot of effort needs to be
   applied to add more safety not only for us who
6 are bikers, who have been biking a long time, but
   families who are trying to bike.
           Also, at the same time, once we get
   beyond Georgetown, it is pretty straightforward,
   because there are a lot of bike lanes, but when
   we hit Rock Creek Park trying to get there or
   some of the other streets, we just have this
   traffic we have to deal with all the time.
14
           And at the same time, the Park, as an
   example, the City and the Park Service, I think
   they are doing a good justice for everyone by
   including all options in Option 4. So my group
   and my neighborhood is supporting Option 4.
           Thank you for your time.
19
            [Applause.]
20
           MR. HOFFMAN: Following Suzanne will be
21
   Cheryl -- and I apologize -- "Numarek, " "Numark"?
```

```
There we go. As
            MR. HOFFMAN:
                         "Numark."
   long as you know who you are.
            MS. McQUEEN: Okay. I'm just going to
   keep this really short.
            First of all, I think there was an option
   at one point to have Broad Branch be a one-way
   and then one lane be bikes and sidewalks, and
   that actually answers an awful lot of the
   concerns of a lot of the people who have been
   talking. Okay. So I think that option ought to
   be brought back to life.
            And the other thing I wanted to say is
13
   that along the same lines of what Mary Kay said.
   DDOT should try to coordinate with the water
   authority and Pepco, so that all of the lines are
   buried. The trees fall down. We have many
   outages, and if, by some chance, this road is
   going to be completely torn up, this is the time
   to redo the sewers and the power lines.
            That's it.
21
            [Applause.]
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MS. NUMARK: "Numark."

## Response to Suzanne McQueen:

Thank you for your comments.

## Responses to comments:

- 1. As discussed in Section 2.4 of the Final EA, closure of Broad Branch Road to vehicles in one direction was considered, but eliminated due to potential lengthy, circuitous travel for autos. Entry to Broad B Branch Road would be limited to the northern or southern terminus, and as such, would cause extended travel to reach the entry points. One-way travel also poses problems for travelers who miss turns to intersecting roadways or drives resulting in a nearly two-mile trip to return to the turning point.
- 2. DDOT will continue to coordinate with DC Water, PEPCO and other utility companies regarding utility relocations or replacements during the project's design phase and construction phases. Undergrounding of overhead lines is not within the scope of this project.

determined to Alternative 3 Modified. Based on comments received on the EA and subsequent coordination efforts with the affected Sovereign Nations, US State Department, and the National Park Service, Alternative 3 was modified to create the Preferred Alternative. Alternative 3 Modified avoids encroachments upon sovereign nation properties located on the west side of Broad Branch Road. While Alternative 3 Modified would require more right-of-way acquisition within Rock Creek Park than the original Candidate Build Alternative 3, the parcels of right-of-way to be acquired are generally less than 1 foot in width and would not alter the function or use of the affected park property (see Section 4.12 of this Final EA for a more detailed description of the potential impacts to this Section 4(f) resource). In addition, Alternative 3 Modified would have fewer potential impacts to historic resources, trees, and streams than Candidate Build Alternatives

Response to Cheryl Numark:

Thank you for your comments.

Responses to comments:

3 and 4.

MR. WALTER: Thank you.

And following Cheryl will be Greg Billing

representing WABA.

MS. NUMARK: Hi. My name is Cheryl

Numark, and I live on the corner of Davenport and

Linnean Avenue, so I am one block from Broad

Branch and very close to the section of Beach

Drive that's closed on the weekend.

And when I first moved into the

neighborhood, I imagined that my family, my

daughter and I, would be able to go ride down to

the Park, you know, every weekend, but what I

found out after I moved in was that it's like

completely unsafe and unusable. I know some

people said the road seems safe, the pavement

looks good, but there is no shoulder. There's

lots of winding turns where, you know, cars would

just come upon you immediately, and so as a

responsible parent, you really can't allow a

child to ride their bike down there, and I don't

feel safe riding down there myself.

So when I first moved there, I thought

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1 I'd be going on a weekly basis, and instead, I
   virtually never go.
            I grew up in Chevy Chase, Maryland, right
   near Beach Drive, and as a child, I had access to
   the Park, very easy access on my bike, walking,
   and it was just -- the quality of life was just
   so dramatically enhanced as a child to be able to
   do that, and I think people who live in Forest
   Hills and the neighborhoods west and north of
   there, you know, I think it would just really
   increase the quality of life for the children and
   the families of those neighborhoods.
            So I strongly support Option 4, and I
13
   think just as a bare minimum that, hopefully --
   you know, and maybe, you know, you consider
   compromises, that we at least guarantee that
   there is safe access on a bike from those
   neighborhoods to Beach Drive, so that we could
   take advantage of that amazing section of Beach
   Drive that's closed off.
           If people are able to access Broad Branch
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from Brandywine, they would be able to do that. OLENDER REPORTING, INC. 1100 Connecticut Avenue NW, #810, Washington, DC 20036 Washington: 202-898-1108 • Baltimore: 410-752-3376

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(responses continued)

For the reasons cited above and within this Final EA, a dedicated bicycle lane as presented in Candidate Alternative 4 would require an additional 4 feet of paved surface for the length of the proposed roadway corridor. Although there is sufficient DDOT-owned right-of-way along Broad Branch Road north of 27th Street to accommodate the bicycle lane, this is not the case to the south. The widening to accommodate the bicycle lane would require additional acquisition of properties from Rock Creek Park and was not an acceptable proposal to the National Park Service. Although it does not provide a dedicated bicycle lane, Alternative 3 Modified would improve bicyclist safety along Broad Branch Road by improving sight lines, horizontal curves, and stormwater drainage.

I understand it's tough, you know, running your bike back up the hill, but the way it is right

131

- now, the nearest access, safe access that I have
- 4 to the Park would be to ride my bike down
- 5 Connecticut, go down Tilden, and then go all the
- 6 way back up to Beach Drive. As the crow flies,
- 7 I'm like a quarter of a mile to Beach Drive, but
- 8 in reality, I would have to go all the way like
- 9 that, and it's so impractical. I never do it.
- 10 MR. WALTER: Great. Thank you.
- 11 [Applause.]
- MR. BILLING: Good evening. My name is
- 13 Greg Billing. I am the Advocacy Coordinator for
- 14 the Washington Area Bicycle Association. We
- 15 represent about 5,000 dues-paying members in the
- 6 Washington region. I am also a resident of Mount
- 7 Pleasant, so I am constantly on Beach Drive as a
- 18 cyclist.
- 19 Currently, bicycling in the region is
- 20 growing. We have seen a huge jump in people who
- are riding their bikes for transportation, for
- 22 recreation, for fitness, and the city is growing

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## Response to Greg Billing:

Thank you for your comments.

## Responses to comments:

1. Comment noted. The Preferred Alternative, Alternative 3 Modified, is the alternative with the least environmental impacts while meeting the requirements of the District of Columbia's Priority Sidewalk Assurance Act of 2010. Alternative 3 Modified is also consistent with DDOT's Complete Streets Policy (October 18, 2010) and the Sustainable DC Plan, prepared by the District Department of Energy & Environment and the Office of Planning. The Complete Streets Policy states that the District's transportation network as a whole shall accommodate the safety and conveniences of all users, recognizing that certain individual corridors have modal priorities and that all transportation projects shall reflect landuse, transportation, and green space needs of the city-wide transportation network and be sensitive to its various contexts. The Sustainable DC Plan calls for expanded provision of safe, secure infrastructure for cyclists and pedestrians.

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about is planning for the future.
           We're building a road right now,
   hopefully rebuilding a road for 50 or 60 years in
   the future. Walking and biking are clearly
   old-world technologies that I think will have a
   place in the future.
            Currently, D.C. has a complete streets
   policy, which says that it must accommodate both
   bicyclists, pedestrians, and automotive vehicles
   on all roads, and so I think that there's clearly
   options in the alternatives that need to be just
   tossed out, because they do not accommodate
   folks.
           The Mayor also has a sustainability D.C.
15
   plan, which hopes to change the way that we get
   to work to 75 percent non-motorized
   transportation. So that's 50 percent of people
   on transit and 25 percent walking, biking.
           When we are talking about the decisions
   of our streets, these are what they really look
   like, and I think that we have heard from many
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1 for that. So I think what we are really talking

(responses continued)

Adjacent land uses and sensitive natural resources along Broad Branch Road present constraints on the extent of roadway widening that is appropriate within the context of the project corridor. Alternative 3 Modified maximizes the multimodal transportation benefits of the project while maintaining sensitivity to other resources along Broad Branch Road.

All of the Candidate Build Alternatives would require impacts to historic resources and parklands protected under Section 4(f) of the U.S. Department of Transportation Act of 1966. The Act requires the selection of the Least Overall Harm Alternative, which has been determined to Alternative 3 Modified.

For the reasons cited above and within this Final EA, a

dedicated bicycle lane as presented in Candidate Alternative 4 would require an additional 4 feet of paved surface for the

length of the proposed roadway corridor. Although there is

sufficient DDOT-owned right-of-way along Broad Branch Road north of 27th Street to accommodate the bicycle lane, this is not

the case to the south. The widening to accommodate the bicycle

lane would require additional acquisition of properties from Rock Creek Park and was not an acceptable proposal to the

National Park Service. Although it does not provide a

dedicated bicycle lane, Alternative 3 Modified would improve bicyclist safety along Broad Branch Road by improving sight

lines, horizontal curves, and stormwater drainage.

Final Environmental Assessment of Broad Branch Road, NW

- 1 folks in the community about what this would mean
- for them as far as an opportunity to have a safe
- access to the Park, not only for recreation for
- 4 themselves and for their children, for their
- 5 grandchildren, but also for a great way to
- 6 commute to work. Many folks in this neighborhood
- 7 are very close to Rock Creek Park Trail, which
- 8 has access to many parts of the city. Many
- 9 residents of Ward 3 have no access, safe access
- to access the Park, both on foot or bike, and
- 11 this would really move to correct some of that
- deficiency.
- I really would like to support Option 4,
- 14 especially the opportunity for uphill cyclists to
- 15 have the ability to ride that road without
- 16 putting their selves in danger. An uphill
- climbing lane, even though it's 4 feet, the
- 18 current standards should have them be 5 feet, as
- 19 DDOT recommends to AASHTO, but a 4-foot bike
- 20 lane, never the less, would provide both a smooth
- 21 flow of cyclists but also traffic.
- 22 As many of you know who use the Park,

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1 either by car or by bike, realize that uphill
   traveling cyclists just travel at a slower speed,
   and by giving them some separate space, it would
   make space for cars to go by safely and for
   cyclists to feel safe on the road as well.
            So the Washington Area Bicycle
   Association supports Option 4. We'd really like
   to thank DDOT coordinating with all, Federal
   Highways and National Park Service for spending
   so much time on this. It's clearly a lot of
   thought has been put to it and address many of
   the concerns of the community, so thank you.
            [Applause.]
13
            MR. WALTER: Greg was our last speaker
   for this evening, which will conclude our
   testimony.
17
           ATTENDEE: I would just register my
   support for Option 4. I think I said that.
           MR. WALTER: Okay.
19
           And what I'd like to say on behalf of
   DDOT as well as the Federal Highway
   Administration and National Park Service, I'd
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Final Environmental Assessment of Broad Branch Road, NW

1	1	like to thank each of you all for spending this
	2	evening with us, providing us with your thoughts.
	3	Hopefully, you heard things that made you think a
	4	little bit more than before you walked in here.
	5	And I want you to know that there's several
	6	opportunities where you can still provide your
	7	comments. You can do it through the comment
	8	forms you left with us this evening. You can do
	9	it through the project website or through e-mail.
	10	All of those addressees are listed in the
	11	brochure that you were given as you entered
	12	tonight.
	13	Thank you once again.
	14	MR. HOFFMAN: Thank you. Good night.
	15	Have a safe trip home.
	16	[Whereupon, at 8:57 p.m., the Public
	17	Meeting concluded.]
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